Hardline group quits Palestinian bodies

AMMAN (AP) — A hardline Muslim fundamentalist group announced Sunday it was withdrawing from Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) institutions to protest Palestinian peace efforts with Israel. Al Jihad Al Islami-Beit Al Magdes said it was quirting the Palestine National Council and the Palestine Central Council. Al Jihad Al Islami's leader, Sheikh Assad Rayanned Taminia accuract Di O Chairman Vassar America, a former Assad Bayyoud Tamini, accused PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, a former ally, of "selling out" Palestine. "He is not the chosen one to determine the fate of Palestine." Sheikh Tamimi told a news conference. "Some day, someone will come and liberate Palestine." Sheikh Tamimi's group has six scats to the 468-member Palestine National Council and three seats in the 100-member Palestine Central Council. The central council serves as a go-between the PNC and the PLO's governing executive council. "We will escalate armed struggle to liberate all of Palestine," Sheikh Tamimi said.



جوردان تابعر يومية سياسة تصدر بالانجليزيَّة عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأربنية والراي،

65% of Palestinians approve of accord

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AFP) — Sixty-five per cent of Palestinians in the occupied territories back the autonomy accord with Israel lor the Gaza Strip and West Bank town of Jericho, according to a poll released Sunday. The survey, conducted by the independent Centre for Palestine Research and Studies, said 65 per cent of the Palestinians were for the agreement to be signed today in Washington that begins with an Israeli withdrawal from the Gaza Strip and Jericho. 28 per cent opposed it and seven per cent were undecided. Fifty-six per cent lavoured a change in the Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) chairman Yasser Arafat's commitment to do so, white 34 per cent were against it. Forty-six per cent supported an end to the anti-Israeli uprising in the occupied territories which began in December 1987 against 42 per cent who wanted it to continue. The poll of 1,200 residents of the West Bank and Gaza Strip was conducted on Sept. 10.

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Middle East turns a page today

PLO and Israel to sign peace agreement

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WASHINGTON — Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin flew to Washington Sunday to endorse a momentous Middle East peace agreement.

Mr. Arafat, head of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), and Mr. Rabin will attend the signing of an antonomy agree-ment between the PLO and Israel at the White House Monday. Dressed in the traditional

headcovering and a military uniform, Mr. Arafat descended the steps and was welcomed by a crowd of people, including about 20 Arah diplomats.

I am very happy to be here to make peace in this historical moment," Mr. Arafat told reporters.
"I am very grateful for what
President (Bill) Clinton has done for the peace process." "I am extremely happy to be

here to work for a just peace in the land of Palestine," he said.

Mr. Arafat was accompanied by a 15-strong PLO delegation for the flight from Tunis to Andrews Air Force hase outside

He arrived at 3:40 p.m. (1940 GMT) on a Boeing 707 jetliner provided by King Hassan II of Mr. Arafat was met by U.S. Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern Affairs Edward Djerejian and the State Depart-ment's assistant chief of protocol, Mary French.

No diplomats from Syria, Lehanon and Kuwait were among those welcoming the PLO chief Mr. Djerejian and Ms. French were to meet Mr. Rabin when he

arrives later Sunday, a State De-partment official said. Mr. Arafat's trip is his first to the United States since 1974, when he addressed the U.N. General Assembly with a pistol ln one hand an an olive branch in

In addition to attending the signing ceremony, Mr. Arafat will meet with Secretary of State Warren Christopher at the State Department, Mr. Christopher

Department, Mr. Christopher said Sunday,
Mr. Christopher said the agreement would be signed at the "ministerial" level, not by Mr. Arafat or Mr. Rahin. Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres will sign for Israel and Mr. Arafat's No. 2 on the mission, Mahmoud Ahbas, will probably sign for the PLO.

Mr. Christopher said it was of tremendous symbolic value that Mr. Rabin and Mr. Arafat be present at the signing of the

"It's very important that both

(Arafat and Rabin) are going to be here. With respect to Mr. Arafat it really puts him on the line. He's out there before the entire world, committing to this agreement," Mr. Christopher

Mr. Arafat was confident of his position as he boarded the flight to Washington a city he has never

"It is a hitorical, very impor-tant moment and it is a step on the right road leading to a Palesti-man state," he said. "We hope to achieve very soon real peace and just peace in the land of peace." Mr. Rabin tried to assure his

critics, who were alarmed last week when Mr. Arafat said a Palestinian flag would someday fly over Jerusalem. "I assure Chairman Arafat that the Palestinian flag will not be over Jerusalem. Jerusalem will remain always united under

Israel's sovereignty and our capital forever. The capital of Israel. The capital of the Jewish people. He can forget about it."
PLO adviser Nahil Shaath was

equally emphatic in stating the Palestinian position.
"We shall work to negotiate with him (Rahin) and bring about a decision wherehy an indepen-dent Palestinian state with East

(Continued on page 5)



Palestinians wave a portrait of Yasser Arafat and Palestinian flags during a demonstration in Gaza City (AFP photo)

Tarawneh to represent Jordan; U.S. efforts fail to get ministers

Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordan's Amhassador to Washington, Fayez Tarawneh, will represent the Kingdom at the signing ceremony of the agreement be-tween Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) at the White House

Official sources said Dr. Tarawneh will be attending the ceremony as Jordan's ambassador to the U.S. and not as bead of the Kingdom's negotiating team to the Middle East peace

The decision to assign Dr. Tarawneh to represent Jordan at the occasion was taken after Washington failed in efforts to get the foreign ministers of the Arah parties to attend the ceremony, other sources said. The U.S. wanted to have the

ame level representation as the Madrid conference in October 1991, which launched the Middle East peace process.

Jordan might have accepted

the proposal if other Arah parties involved in the peace process agreed to same level of representation, but it turned down the idea when others, apparently Syria, refused to send its foreign minister, the

Syria has refused to extend public endorsement for the Israeli-PLO accord, saying only that the Palestinians were free to decide for themselves their course of action.

The acceptance of the American proposal for high-level representation at the signing ceremony would have meant Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali, who is also foreign minister, going to

Dr. Majali attended that Madrid conference as head of Jordan's peace negotiating

Another consideration be-hind Jordan's decision not to send a high-level delegation to the signing of the Israel-PLO accord was a desire "not to overshadow" the Palestinian side, according to the sources. His Majesty King Hussein said over the weekend that Friday's formalisation of mutual recognition between the PLO and Israel was a good beginning and expressed hope that it would lead to a comprehensive settlement of the Middle East conflict in all its

The King also called for Palestinian unity in an apparent reference to the opposition to the accord by several Palestinian groups within and outside the PLO umhrella.

According to the sources, whose account of participation in today's ceremony contrasted earlier reports that Jordan was not invited at all to the signing, said President Bill Clinton had contacted King Hussein over the phone in London from aboard Air Force One early

It was not known what the King and President Clinton

(Continued on page 5)

4 Israelis and 3 Palestinians killed

Combined agency dispatches opposed to the peace deal

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM -Four Israelis and three Palestinians died Sunday when Muslim fundamentalists went on the offensive against the signing of the Israeli-Palestinian peace deal in Washington.

A lone 19-year-old Palestinian stabbed to death an Israeli bus driver and tried to kill passengers before being shot dead by a sol-dier, while Hamas men killed three troops, and two Palestinians were killed by their own

The bus attack took place . on a main road outside the port city of Ashdod, south of Tel Aviv. The Egged private bus service was on a regular shuttle from Ashkelon to Ashood along the Mediterranean coast when the man boarded at a stop and drew a

big knife and a grenade.

He attacked the driver and went for other passengers before a soldier pumped several builets into him. A female soldier and the serviceman who killed the Palestinian were hurt as the bus tipped over when the driver

Police said they found a tract from Hamas, the Islamic Resistance Movement which is bitterly

The army confirmed that three soldiers were killed Sunday morning in gunfire in an ambush It said that a flyer left at the site

claimed responsibility in the name of the Izzeddin Al Qassam group, the military wing of the Hamas fundamentalist group. In calls to press offices in Gaza City, a man said the Islamic Jihad assumes responsibility for taking the weapons of the Israeli soldiers

and leaving their bodies to the "Our Zeitoun operation has succeeded," the caller said. "It is a gift to Yasser Arafat, the peace settlement and all the traitors." The hullet-ridden corposes were found beside a jeep near a

of Gaza City.
"Two or three (men) opened fire from an ambush and the patrol returned fire but the assailants) kept firing and the jeep smashed into a wall," an army spokesman said.

mosque at Zeitoun, on the edge

The soldiers were on patrol down a country road sorrounded by fields. The assailants made off with two automatic weapons. Troops sealed off the area and

(Continued on page 16)

Hamas wants talks, Continued economic disparity in PLO official reports

LONDON - The Muslim fundamentalist Palestinian movement Hamas, which rejects the autonomy deal with Israel, wants to talk to the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), the organisation's representative in Bri-

Afif Safiyeh told BBC Television that Hamas had "sent us-a message saying that they would like to meet with the PLO and the Fatch leadership," group in the PLO. the main

On Saturday, Hamas, called for the Jihad (holy war) to contime to liberate all Palestine saying that the PLO's recognition of Israel was a betrayal of the Palestinian people.

But Mr. Safiyeh said he was "very confident" that all Palesti-

nians would eventually accept the accord. He was "very encouraged" by statements from Hamas officials

that they were determined to avoid a Palestinian civil war despite their fierce opposition to the accord drawn op in secret talks between Israel and the PLO. The two sides mutually recog-

nised each other Friday and are to sign an agreement in Washington on Monday on limited auton-

request from Hamas to sponsor inter-Palestinian talks on the disputed peace process, "provided all Palestinian groups agree."

Palestinian groups opposed to the PLO-Israel peace agreement have called for "a day of wrath" on Monday to protest the Washington signing of the accord.

The hardliners' call in Damascus for demonstrations among Palestinian refugees in Syrian camps was echoed in Lebanon by Colonel Munir Makdah, a former supporter of PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat who commands the 2,000 Lebanon-based guerrillas from Mr. Arafat's own Fatch

faction. It was unclear how large the response would be among Palestinian refugees opposed to the

Lebanon's pro-Iranian Hizbollah demanded Palestinians do much more to wreck the Israeli-PLO pact.

At a rally to honour the 150 people killed in an Israeli hlitz on South Lebanon in July, an estimated 6,000 Palestinians and Hizbollah supporters denounced Mr.

Arafat as "a Jewish spy."

Combined agency dispatches omy starting in the Gaza Strip and West Bank town of Jericho. Man in street should feel being part of peacemaking AMMAN (J.T.) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan,

the Regent, said one of the major concerns of Jordan in the Middle East was the continuing disparity between the haves and have-nots which, if allowed to continue, could lead to increased despair

among the people. The Regent, in an interview with CNN, also said the success of the peace process hinged on the man in the street accepting it

"I think the worst scenario is to go back from peacemaking to confrontation," he said. "That is what we want to avoid at all costs, and that is why the peacemaking has to be credible to the man in the street, to be tangihle in terms of the dynamics of the process, people in the camps here in Jordan, whether green card holders or yellow card (people who can visit the occupied territories and those who cannot) or temporary laissez-passer ... the stateless who have returned from Kuwait.

"All these people have to feel that they have a share in peacemaking.

The Regent was asked whether the development of a Palestinian state was "potentially a risk and threatening venture for Jordan."

Mideast is risky venture — Regent

The Regent replied: The only risky venture is to continue the disparity between haves and have-nots. I have been speaking for years about the fact that the income of the individuals, Palestinians in the territories, is equal to that of Bang-

He said the per capita income of the Palestinians was \$800. "I have been talking about disparity in terms of one to 20 in GDP, and I am very worried that

unless we have a catalystic role ... The World Bank, the international fund, have to look at the political economy of the region. Unless that happens, we are going to see an even stronger Israel at the expense of the region, and I think that many Israelis don't want to see that. They want to become part of the region on the hasis of mutual

The Regent said the progress on the Israeli-Palestinian track, as represented in the autonomy agreement between Israel and the Palestine Liberatioo Organisation (PLO), had cleared the way

for Jordan to finalise its agenda for peace talks with Israel. He said he expected the announcement of agreement on the agenda

to be announced Tuesday. The regent said Jordan's reservations over the antonomy agreement, "if they exist at all, all over not only at the lack of (Jordanian-Palestinian) coordination (but also) because it came as a surprise to us all - that is in the past - but more significantly

over the contents. "Firstly it is going to be a three-year withdrawal period or regrouping in terms of the in-terim. After all, this is a declaration of principles. We hope it is not going to be the final deal. We are committed to a comprehensive peace settlement based on U.N. resolutions 242 and 338 and we hope it will be the first step as, indeed, the Palestinians share this hope, quite clearly, towards seeing an independent Palestinian entity in what is today occupied territories, the West Bank,

including Jerusalem and Gaza." The Regent underlined the importance Jordan attaches to Jerusalem and the Islamic holy shrines there. "Jordan continues

of Islamic waqf ... which is a patrimony and not a political issue as such," he said. "In that context, ohviously we have been approached in Muslim-Christian dialogue with the Vatican with a very clear position that Jordanian responsibility is an extension of ... responsibility since the days of the Ottoman empire. So this is a

very weighty issue.
"I think the Palestinians are very clear on Jordanian legirimacy in this regard," he said.

"We are fully supportive of Palestinian rights and iodeed we will only relinquish sovereignty to Palestine and not to Israel.

Asked whether Jordan and other Arab states were willing to recognise Israel's "right to exist, the Regent said:

The very participation in the Madrid conference and indeed the forthcoming agenda (between Jordan and Israel) ... are further affirmation of the fact that we recognise Israel's right to exist. "If Israel is to be part of the Middle East region (that) means a reminder of the question:

(Continued on page 51

Supporters and opponents of accord vie to win Palestinian hearts and minds

From Lamis Andoni Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — On the eve of the historic signing of the Israeli-Palestinian accord supporters and opponents of PLO leader Yasser Arafat's peace strategy are vying to influence the Palestinian movement and people inside and outside the occupied territories.

Both sides, however, seem so far unable to formulate plans to ensure Palestinian national unity and to prevent the disintegration of the PLO as tensions are building up particularly in the occupied territories and the refugee camps in the diaspora.

Although the channels of communications between the two parties have not been closed, through debates and contacts, the Palestinian movement is undergoing fundamental transformation that is rapidly altering the nature of the PLO and its structure and shrinking its basis of support. according to political analysts. The most alarming changes

in the PLO, in the view of analysts and PLO officials, is that the organisation is gradually losing its role as a broad coalition representing the minimum consensus among the diverse Palestinian trends and Practically speaking and

especially following the resignations of three independent figures and two representatives of major groups, the PLO has been reduced to a representative of Fatch and the Palestine People's Party (PPP) - the former Communists.

But even Fateb, the backbone of the PLO and Arafat's own faction, has not escaped the political divisions triggered hy the accord on limited Palestinian autonomy, reached in Oslo last month, and the terms of the mutual recognition between Israel and the

PLO. Leading Fatch figures, including three of its cofounders, have opposed the two agreements while many of the rank and file of the movement are seriously alarmed by the concessions the PLO has accepted. According to Fateh sources, the opposition inside the movement itself is bolding intensive contacts to declare a unified stand prior to reaching an agreement with the other groups on what is to be done. Fatch leaders, who oppose the agreement, are obviously trying to avoid a split in the movement, which had suffered a serious and bloody dissent in

Furthermore, the PPP. which announced a sudden but qualified endorsement of the accord last week - after having suspended its participation in the peace process - is at odds with Mr. Arafat over his leadership style. The PPP has stipulated the democratisation of the PLO institution as a precondition for its full participation in further negotiations on the basis of the agreements

reached with Israel The opposition, which comes from very diverse ideological backgrounds, has not decided yet on how to proceed and counter Mr. Arafat.

In private, the opposition figures concede that the accord is irreversible and the most that they could do is to find ways to minimise the damage for the Palestinian people. The opposition groups,

mainly the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP), the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP), Hamas and a considerable number of prominent independent personalities, seem perplexed over the next step since they are trying to avoid further splits, if not civil war, in the territories.

Despite repeated statements by Hamas, the PFLP and the DFLP, that the three factions. together and separately, will not resort to violence against the Palestinian antonomy, clashes have already started in the occupied territories between supporters and opponents of the accord with Israel. The situation is expected to

hecome more complicated

once the autonomy is estab-

lished, especially that the three

groups, in addition to other

smaller dissident factions in Damascus, have vowed to continue resisting Israeli- occupation during the interim period. Mr. Arafat has already committed himself to preventing violence against Israel once

autonomy is established in

Gaza and Jericho in accord-

ance with the Israeli-Palestinian agreement. Supporters of the accord scuff at the threats made by the opposition groups: "We have not seen or heard of an escaltion of resistance acts by either the PFLP or DFLP ... what are they talking about?" asked one senior PLO official.

But even if the arguments of the supporters of the accord are true, in terms of an evident weakening of armed resistance over the last two years, one of the main reasons cited by opponents of the peace accords with Israel is the wide-spread concern that the Palestinian autonomy authorities would be turned into a repressive tool to end the Palestinian resistance. A statement made by the PLO representative in Tunis Hakam Balawi on Israeli television last week reinforced these claims. In the interview Mr. Balawi said that the PLO will be tough and firm with any party that seeks to violate that

PLO executive committee member Yasser Abedd Rabo, presented a different attitude by repeatedly stressing that pluralism and opposition were part of the Palestinian democratic tradition."

The conflicting statements by two of the proponents of the accord, indicate that the attitude of the future Palestinian authority remains ambiguous and seems to not be agreed

Moreover, critics of Mr. Arafat are very sceptical that the future authority will tolerate opposition, especially that the accord and the mutual recognition agreement were formulated behind the backs of the Palestinian decision-making bodies. They also cite the emphasis, by the leadership. on forming a sizable police force in Gaza and Jericho.

Many Palestinians became more suspicious as the annexes of the accord revealed that the two sides have agreed on cooperation in security matters.
"One cannot but wonder —

security cooperation against who ... our own people," said Abdullah Hourani, who suspended his membership in the PLO executive committee on

But despite the strong criticism, efforts so far have not succeeded in charting out a unified strategy.

Opposition officials and fi-

gures, contacted by the Jordan Times, have all said they were seeking to form a hroad coalition or alliance against the accord and formulate a unified action plan.

But there are many questions that are still to be addressed by the opposition, which in the view of political analysts. will have to also shoulder the responsibility of the fate of the Palestinian people and cause. accord with Israel.

One question that is being

raised but so far not publicly promoted, is whether it is in the interest of the Palestinian people to form a coalition outside the PLO, leading to an alternative organisation, or whether the opposition should maintain its place within the movement and try to safegaurd its unity and prevent its further disintegration.

Hamas, the only sizable opposition faction outside the PLO body, has already asked Yemen to mediate with the PLO leadership. Some analysts believe that Hamas is trying to ensure itself some sort of power sharing during the interim period - as a pragamatic tactic to survive and to consolidate its influence.

Hamas counters that it is trying to avoid Palestinian infighting.

The final decision of the Palestinian opposition will largely and finally depend on the popular response to the accord and to the PLO, since none can afford to altenate the Palestinian people, especially insided the occupied territor-

Clinton: No cut in aid to Israel

Bill Clinton has promised no cut in military or economie aid to Israel because of the peace agreement with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) but says the U.S. will look to Japan, Europe and Arab states like Saudi Arabia to mainly finance rebuilding of the region.

"One of the things that I really hope to do ... is to reassure the people of Israel that the United States is committed to their security," Mr. Clinton said in an interview published in Sunday's editions of the New York Times. He added that just because the

Israeli government is signing an with its former arch enemy, the PLO, it did not mean that the United States was going to start reducing aid or military support to the country — aiready about \$3 billion a year.

His administration's goal, Mr. Clinton was quoted as saying, was to assure the Israeli people that they are more secure and not less secure because this is done and that the United States is still

"I think that is the most important thing now as they absorb

In the interview, his first since the breakthough towards peace in the Middle East, Mr. Clinton said he expected U.S. economie contributions to the New Palestinian entities in the Gaza Strip and West Bank town of Jericho would be what the Times report of the interview described as "modest."

Mr. Clinton said he saw Washington's job as providing "seed money" while most of the aid would be contributed by Japan, the European Community, Scandinavia and the Gulf Arab states, all of which have given him indications of support.

King Fahd of Saudi Arabia is among those who have pledged their support, Mr. Clinton told the Times, despite lingering resentment of over Palestinian snpport for Iraq in the Gulf war. Mr. Clinton said Syrian Presi-

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deni Hafez Al Assad had assured him that he too was prepared to endorse the Israel-PLO accord. But he added that Mr. Assad had cautioned him that the accord, could not stand alone and had to be followed by a breakthrough on the Syrian-Israeli track.

The Times quoted an unnamed Clinton aide as saying President Assad told Mr. Clinton: "If there will not stand on its feet. If there are long periods of time with no progress these difficulties will grow greater. We should not let time go by without serious work.

The Times paraphrased the U.S. leader as saying his administration still opposes the creation of an independent Palestinian state. But it added that he said the Israelis and Palestinians should decide such issues them-



Bill Clinton

Mr. Clinton was also quoted as saving that he hoped Iran would not oppose the mideast peace breakthrough.

By supporting the move to-wards peace, he said, Tehran could "change course" and open up the possibility of a different relationship with Washington and

At one point in the wide-raning interview, Mr. Clinton conceded that he and other heads of state were "still adjusting" to the lastminute changes in Israeli-Palestinian relations.

But be said the accord, which he will host the signing of at the White House Monday, held out the promise of something far more than a diplomatic breakthrough.

The beauty of this moment is that each of them (Israelis' and Palestinians), in a funny way, has given the other the chance to bave a normal life," he said.

"While they are nowhere near greement on what the end of Palestinian self-determination looks like, still they have given each other a sense of place. No matter what you say, there is a sense of roots, of place."

'Additional' guarantees

A series of discussions over the role of the United States as guarantor of the historie pact between Israel and the PLO will be held in Washington, the Washington Post reported Sun-

An unidentified administration official told the Post that President Clinton personally had pledged to Israel "additional guarantees" that its security will he protected as it takes steps towards a wider Middle East peace with its Arab neighbours.

The paper said the official would not defice the additional guarantees, but said the president would make our position clear.'

As talks on final peace and territorial agreements approach, according to the Post, discussions are likely to focus on assurances that Israel has sought related to continued military and economic aid, transfers of high tech military equipment and direct feeds from U.S. intelligence satellites.

Australia welcomes peace accord

CANBERRA - The minister for foreign affairs, Senator Gareth Evans, said Friday that Australia unreservedly welcomed the agreement by Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisa-tion (PLO) to recognise each other, formally ending nearly 30 years of unbroken hostility. "We understand that the

agreement will take the form of an exchange of letters of mutual recognition. In these letters the PLO recognises the right of the State of Israel to exist in peace and security. The PLO also commits itself to peaceful resolution of the conflict between the Palestinians and Israel and renounces the use of terrorism and other acts of violence. For its part, Israel has decided to recognise the PLO as the representative of the Palestinian people and commence negotiations with the PLO within the Middle East Peace Process.

"Agreement on mutual recognition now opens the way for the formal conclusion of the agreement on Palestinian self-rule, which is scheduled to take place in Washington on Monday.

"We bope very much that the agreement on Palestinian selfrule will now act as a catalyst and stimulate progress in the other bilateral negotiating tracks between Israel and Jordan, Syria and Lebanon," Mr. Evans said.

Mr. Evans said that Australia has long held the view that direct contacts with the PLO were essential to engage that organisa-tion in a meaningful and constructive dialogue, and to strengthen the moderate elements that Australia bas known exist within it. He said that was why the Australian government bad re-cently decided to permit an official from PLO headquarters in Tunis to take up a position in the PLO office in Canherra.

On the question of Australia's own recognition policy, Mr. Evans said that Australia had for many years accepted that the PLO represents the opinion of a significant proportion of the Palestinian people but had not, however accepted the PLO's claim to he the sole representa-tive of the Palestinian people.

"Now, in light of today's dramatic developments and the agreement of the Israeli govern-ment to recognise the PLO as the representative of the Palestinian people, Australia will itself act in that same way in the future," Mr.

Mr. Evans said that this did not of course constitute recognition by Australia of the PLO as a sovereign state. The creation of an independent State of Palestine may well he the ultimate outcome of the peace process, but it is quite premature to anticipate that process at this state.

"At long last, the olive branch is taking precedence over the freedom fighter's gun " — Australian Embassy press release



Palestinians in the Shawfat refugee camp in north

PLO plans to deploy fighters as security force in autonomy area

By John Halaby The Associated Press

AMMAN — The Palestine Liheration Organisation (PLO) is mustering its fighters scat-tered around the Arab World to move into the occupied territories as a security force by the end of the year when the peace accord with Israel takes effect, officials said.

They said up to 20,000 members of the Palestine Liberation Army (PLA), formed in 1964 as the PLO's conventional military arm, would maintain law and order in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho when the Israeli

army pulls out. PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat is clearly determined to build up his military muscle in the autonomous zones to prevent trouble when he takes

Hardline Palestinian factions oppose the peace accord be-tween the PLO and Israel, raising the spectre of inter-Palestinian bloodletting as well as attacks on Israeli settlers in the occupied territories.

The autonomy agreement envisages an Israeli withdrawal from Gaza and Jericho in four to six months. The rest of the occupied

West Bank will remain under Israeli control, but the Palestinians living there will have timited autonomy.

The final status of the territories, seized by Israel in the 1967 Middle East war, will be decided in negotiations heginning not later than the third year of autonomy. The PLO officials, who

spoke to the Associated Press on condition of anonymity, said a PLA advance guard will he sent to Jericho ahead of Mr. Arafat's expected arrival there later in the year.

"We expect things to be mostly in place by December, and have tentatively set the end of the year for Abu Ammar (Arafat's nom de guerre) to move himself to Jericho and Gaza," said one official close to Mr. Arafat.

"Part of the PLA forces are now undergoing training as police in cooperation with the security organisations of the host countries," he said. PLO sources in Tunis re-

ported that Mr. Arafat has sent his military commanders to Arab states where the movement has its fighters to oversee training for their new role. Another senior PLO official said Israel had agreed during

secret negotiations in Oslo, which led to the autonomy aeeord, that the heaviest weapons the security force could have were machine guns. "The force will be like any other regular army, but will not have heavy weapons or

artillery," he said. Limiting the security force's firepower appeared to he at the insistence of the Israelis to prevent any potential military threat to the Jewish state

emerging.
The PLA was formed with an initial strength of 12,000 to 14,000 men, nominally under PLO control. But the units are effectively commanded by the armies of the bost governments, which pay for their upPLA units fought against Israel in the 1967 and 1973 Middle East war and in 1982, when Israel invaded Lebanon. The Israeli's 1982 invasion of

Lebanon forced the Palestinians ont of Beirut and the PLO's forces were scattered around the Arab World. Now PLA is understood to he around 30,000 to 35,000 regulars and irregulars in nine

brigades.
The Hittin Brigade is attached to the Syrian army, the Badr Brigade is in Jordan and the Aqsa Brigade in Iraq. The Ajnadin brigade is sta-

tioned in Algeria, the Sabra and Shatilla brigades in Yemen, the Al Quds Brigade in Libya, the 'In Jalout brigade in Egypt and the Beirut Al Qadissiyeh Brigade in Sudan. The PLO official said Mr. Arafat could face problems

Syria to the autonomous areas. "All other countries have responded positively to our requests that PLA forces in their. territories be moved, but we haven't heard from the Syrians

moving the PLA units from

Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, a long-time rival of Mr. Arafat angered at him for breaking ranks to negotiate secretly with the Jewish state, has not publicly blessed the PLO-Israel agreement.

The PLO officials said PLA brigadier Tareq Al Khadra, who is based in Damascus, has heen tentatively named as commander of the planned security force in what appeared to he an effort to persuade him' to place his units under PLO

yet," he said.

Lebanese want Arafa 'happy and far away'.

By Mohammad Salam The Associated Press

BEIRUT — Ordinary Lebanese Friday welcomed the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) pact on mutual recog-mition and asked God to "make Arafat happy and keep him

The remark, which is a common saying in Lebanon, was repeated by at least 10 Lebanese interviewed separately on their reaction to the mntual recognition treaty.

Yasser Arafat's guerrillas were based in Lebanon for 13 years, and friction between Palestinians and Maronite Christians helped touch off the civil war in 1975.

Khalil Kashour, a Shiite Muslim who lives in Beirut's Fakhani district where Mr. Arafat had his command headquarters from 1969-1982, said: "Now he has something to keep him busy, far from bere. I bope he will also deal with his Palestinian opponents far away from us."

However, the nearly 317,000 Palestinian refugees in Lebanon were split. Syrian-backed and fundamentalist Muslim factions, who make up nearly 15 per cent of the community, have declared their opposition to the agree-

The anti-Arafat Palestinian groups, better known as the

"Damascus "10," called for & monstrations at refugee cames Only 2.500 of the 33,500 #

fugees at the camps of Nahr Bared and Beddawi in su-Lebanon took part in a one rally after the noontime Fre prayers to pronounce Mr. Araf a traitor and set fire to Arafat dummy.

About 20 Palestinian childre accompanying the demonstrate were fold to step on the gutte and smoking dummy to expre their anger and opposition to M Arafat.

The children, aged 8-14 years joyfully jumped on the dumm but abruptly interrupted their a shouted at them: "This is i express anger. Not a party.

At the refugee camp on Rash diyeh in South Lehanon, which heyond the control of Syrid 10,000 peacekeepers troops Lebanon, pro-Arafat Palestinia have been decorating power poles, walls, doors, cars and eve orange trees with the guerrit leader's posters to express the backing to his policies.

"Tell me what wrong has An fat done?" asked Ibrahis Khoury, a 42-year-old refugee; Rashidiyeh. "He's accepted autonomy i

Gaza and Jericho as a first ster That's fine. Before this we had a autonomy and homeland an where," Mr. Khoury added.

Italy denies it paid Aideed's clansmen

Minister Sunday angrily denied a report that bis forces in Somalia paid a warlord's clan not to shoot at them and that the Nigerian peacekeepers' refusal to pay sparked a deadly clash.

"How many other unfounded accusations will they invent?"
Defence Minister Fabio Fabbri said in a news release. Mr. Fabbri was meeting Sun-

day with visiting U.S. Defence Secretary Les Aspin, after Italy criticised a U.S.-led crackdown oo fugitive Somalia warlord Mohammad Farrah Aideed and called for negotiations. Seven Nigerian U.N. troops died last Sunday when Somali gunmen ambushed their unit as it

prepared to take over from Italian forces that were to move out of an area of Mogadishu. Nigerian soldiers in the 28-

nation U.N. force accused the Italians of failing to back them up during the shootout, while the Italians contend they needed to protect their checkpoint that was also surrounded by angry Soma-

The Times of London on Saturday quoted a "confidential Nige-" rian account sent to U.N. headquarters" in New York, saying the Italians paid \$200 a month io protection money to each elder

ROME (AP) - Italy's Defence and \$60 a month to each milities man in the area, populated b Gen, Aideed's Habr-Gedir sut

"After the completely m founded story on the lack csupport" by Italian troops durin the ambush, "today we hear th story, equally unfounded an ridiculous that a some money wa paid to the elders of the neigh bourhood," Mr. Fabbri said.

"Always against the Italians guilty only of having been right. Italian officials contend the

good relations they developed with the Somalis, aided by common language in the forme Italian colony, have prevente violence as U.N. forces ensur relief shipments to a country shatered by civil war.

Italy has been critical of dead U.S. led raids in search of Gr. Aideed, who is held response for attacks that have kille dozens of U.N. troops since June

The Times reported that Italia and Nigerian officers had met th elders a few days hefore the ambush "to ensure a smoot transfer of control at the check

The newspaper report said a the meeting clansmen told the Nigerians of their financia

arrangement with the Italian unit

Israelis' response to PLO accord far more muted than in Sadat visit

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

AMMAN:

By Allyn Fisher The Associated Press

TEL AVIV - When Egyptian President Anwar Sadat got off his plane in 1977 and became the first Arab leader to visit occupied Jersalem, Israelis were euphoric.

They rushed into the streets by the thousands to greet him, newspapers gushed about the dawn of a new era and there was sea change in the thinking of many Israelis about the possibility of long lasting peace with the Arabs.

Sixteen years later, Prime Minister Yilzhak Rabin's peacemaking with nother archenemy, the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), has received a far more sober

A business-as-usual attitude pervaded most of occupied Jerusalem Friday after Mr. Rabin signed a terse letter recognising the PLO. In the central Ben-Yehuda mall, shoppers were in their pre-Sabbath routine of buying flowers and visiting with friends.

Scepticism was fuelled by the obvious absence of PLO leader Yasser Arafat or any other Arab official at the signing ceremony, a telling absence that showed reconciliation was

Distrust of Palestinian intentions was the first sentence uttered by many who were asked what they thought of the

"I don't helieve the PLO. In my opiniou, Rabin gave them something without getting any-thing in return," said Avi Nataf, 29, an electronics tech-

Mr. Nataf doubted better relations with the PLO would be far reaching enough to en-sure that Israelis will see a significant cut in their military reserve dnty any time soon.

"We may have to do even more reserve duty with all the work that implementing the agreement will take." Mr. Nataf said, referring to the mammoth task of redeploying the army to give Palestinians self-rule in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank city of Jericho.

NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN:

IRBID:

ZARQA: Dr. Khalil Abu Hussair

Dr. Yousef San Dr. Isam Al Asmar ... Dr. Farouq Nour Dr. Bahjat Badr

Fires pharmacy

Other Israelis were more worried that the self-rule plan that was supposed to be started in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank area around Jericho would grow into a Palestinian state that would threaten

"Gaza we don't need. If that will bring peace then that's possible to give up," said Sima Davidian, 42, a civil engineer, referring to the impoverished, refugee-packed coastal strip that is home to some 800,000

"But I wouldn't give up more than that," Mrs. Davidian said. "We aren't sure about all of this. We are taking a

risk, and we don't feel safe.

Itai Gabai, an 18-year-old who is scheduled to begin his three-year compulsory army service this month, was doubtful the agreeement would reduce the risks he faces.

"I think they will just continue with their wars. You cannot toust them. Now they will just want more and more land," Gabai said, smoking a cigarette at a sidewalk cafe. Next they will get Jerusalem and little, maybe the wbole country.

A frieod seated next to him, Aviad Avraham, differed.
"Good for Rabin that be has succeeded in bringing peace," Avraham, 17, said. "Recognising the PLO is fine, as long as

they really stop the uprising and terrorism.

Caneer researeher Avi Treves, 47, was more optimistie. "It's a wonderful agreement," he said reaching for some cheese at the supermarket. 'It gives us a chance to have peace.

Right-wing demonstrators banged pots and pans, whistled and hooted to show their displeasure. Many were religious settlers, who object to yielding the land of "Biblical Israel" to the Arabs.

Some also are anxious about what will happen once Palestinians run their own police force in the West Bank and

"I think this was an irresponsible agreement that Rabin made without any care for our security," said Shlomzion Bar-Maoz, 30, of the Doley settlement in the West Bank.

One reason Israelis are less enthusiastie than they were with Sadat is because the peace with, Egypt bas turned into a cold one. There is relatively littlel trade and Muslim fundamentalist violeoce deters many Israelis from visiting Cairo.

"Since that treaty, public expectations of peace have eroded. People thought that treaty would work out better than it bas," said Avraham Tamir, a former general who

was one of the Israeli architects of the Camp David autonomy plan for Palestinians.

"So wby should they get carried away with this or that agreement, especially with so many question marks left?" Mr. Tamir added.

Israeli officials maintained that the protests were less severe than they had feared and that most Israelis were hehind the peacemaking effort.

"The majority of the people are satisfied. I can't say happy, but thankful and praying for the success of this experience. said Housing Minister Ben-jamin Ben-Eliezer, a former military governor of the West

Khartoum (SDI

JORDAN TELEVISION

-	TO A SAME POWER
	GRAMME TWO
[8: 90	TLes Images
19:00	News in French
t9:tS	The Weekly Sport Magazine
19:30	News in Hebrew
	News in Arabic
	Golden Girls
24.10	Thirt was at him
21:10	Thirtysomething News in English Le Gerfaul
22:00	News in English
22:20	Le Gerfaut

PRAYER TIMES

16:04		1/
20:09		⁵ 19
	CHURCHES	i
St. Ma Tel. 8	ury of Nazareth Churc (11740)	h Sweifi

ab Church Tcl. 624590

Church Tel. 630851. Tel. Anglica 628543. Armena 771331. na Church Td. 771751. 652526 Tel. 823824, 654932 Nazarene Tel.675691.

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

moderate. In Aquita,

man 31. Aqaba 38 Humidity readings: Amman 23 per cent. Aqaba 30 per

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EMERGENCIES Food Control Centre ______ 637111 Civil Defence Department _____ 661111 Civil Defence Immediate

CIVIL Detence Intractiate
Rescue
Civil Defence Emergency
Rescue Police 192, 621 ttt. 637777
Fire Brigade 201779
Blood Bank
Highway Police
Traffic Police
Public Security Department 630321
Hotel Complaints 615810
Hotel Complaints
Water and Courses
Water and Sewerage Complaints 897467
Complaints
Amman Municipality
Compleints
Telephone Information
(directory assistance) 121-
Overseas Calls 010230
Central Amman Telephone
Repairs
Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101
Jordan Television
Radio Jordan 774111
Water Authority 6x0100
loction Electricity Authority . X15615
Electric Power Company 636381
Company
RJ Flight Information UK-53200

Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200 HOSPITALS

Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6
Akilch Maternity. J. Amn 642441/2
Jabal Amman Maternity 642362
Mafhas, J. Amman
Palestine. Shmeisani 664171/4
Shureisani Hospital 669131
University Hospital 845845
Al-Muasher Hospital 667227/9
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37
Al-Ahli, Abdali 664164/6
Italian Al Mahaisana 201040
Italian. Al-Muhajreen 777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 775111/26
Army, Marka 891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50
Amal Hospital 674155
ZARQA:
Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323
Zaroa National Hospital (19990054)
Dr. Strai Hospital (19998A77)
Al Hilitia Modern Hospital (09)990990
ERBU:
Princess Basma Hospital(02)275555
Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn. Al Nafces Hospital (02)247100
Ibn Al Naices Hospital (02)747100
AQABA:
Priocess Hava Hospital (1737314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Ouece Alia International Airport Tel. (IN)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

APPIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

08:30	Sanaş (RJ)
89:30	Damiscus (RJ)
16:00	Jeddah (RJ)
to: 15	Riyadh (RJ
19:30	Cairo, Aqaba (RJ)
10:30	Dubei. Abu Dhabi (RJ)
11-00	New Delhi (RJ)
13:30	Turis (RJ)
15-40	Bcinxi [RJ]
18-00	Cairo (RJ)
10.00	Bangkok (RJ)
10.20	New Year A Dangaok (RJ)
20.00	New York. Amsterdam (RJ)
20.00	Casablanca, Tenis RJ
10.45	Bahrain RJ

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

	Adea (1Y
t1:15	Khartoum SD
13:30	Abu Dhabi, Doha GF
15:40	Istanbul (TK
17:40	Amsterdam KL
19:15	Sanza (IY
20:35	Cairo MS
25:45	Dubai (EM
22-05	Vienna, Lamaca 05
01:45	Dubai (KL
*****	Daga (KT
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DEP	ARTURES

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

•	
t2:00	Beirat R.
12:30	Amsterdam, Chicago / R
13:15	London (R
13:25	Frankfurt (R.
14:30	Cairo (R. Moscow R.
14:38	Bohrain / R
21:00	Dhabran / R
21:45	Dubzi, Karachi (R. Bahrain, Doha (R.
2t:45	Damascus R
90:09	Montreal (R

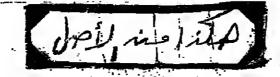
Other Flights (Terminal 2)

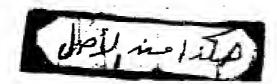
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14:36 . Babrain. Abu Dhabi. Muscas [GF] .. Canto (MS) Dubai (EM) MARKET PRICES Upper/lower price in fils per ag.

Beans	701 - 5
Beans Cabbage	240: 11
Carrot	3400
Cardifference	
Cauliflower	20.2
Cacumbers (large)	180 - 1
Cucumbers (small)	330 · 2
Eggptan	200 : N
Fig	Wa . 2
Gartic	SEED / 64
Granes	340
Grapes	
Lemon	201 1
Marrow (Inner)	2000
Marrow (large)	290 1
Marrow (small)	300 7 2
Mulukbia	150
Okra	
Onion (dry)	220 / 1
Pepper (bot)	240 : 12
Pepper (sweet)	Z20 / 3
Potato	399 Z







By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Prominent writer and poet Abdul Rahim Omar died Sunday after undergoing critical cardiac surgery in Lon-

Renown for his daily column 'I say a word' in Al Ra'i Arabic daily, Mr. Omar was recogtrised for his consistent political. stands and his poetic talent, baving authored two books of

Mr. Omar (64) was considered by his frieods and readers as a "great man and a real poet." He served Jordan in several senior governmental posts including director general of Press and Publications Department, director of Jordan Broadcasting Corporation, founder and president of the Jordanian Writers Association, and as a director of the Culture and Art Department at the Ministry of Information.

Mr. Omar was active in cultural activities, having par-ticipated in many national and international festivals.

He was a member of the National Charter Committee and a founding member of the Centre for Freedom, Demo-cracy and Human Rights Stu-

The father of eight and grandfather of 16, Ahdul Rahim Omar was horn in Jayous village near Tulkarem in the occupied West Bank on Aug. 14, 1929. He is described by his children as a compassionate father and teacher who vigorously sought to educate



Abdul Rahim Omar

Mr. Omar suffered from diabetes and cardiac problems since 1984. His condition was aggravated in the past few years by opthamalic problems. The writer left recently for London for routine check-ups

and eye surgery. During his stay in London, he suffered

complications which necessitated an immediate heart surgery. He died 24 hours la-

Abdul Rahim Omar was awarded the Independence Medal of the First Order as well as several other medals from the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

Jordan's first army chief dies at 98

AMMAN (J.T.) — Retired Major General Radi Hassan Innab died Sunday at the age of 98. Maj. Gen. Innab was the first. Chief of Staff of the Jordanian Armed Forces following the Arabisation of the army's leadership in-

in 1895 and joined the ranks of the Great Arab Revolt forces in 1921. Maj.Gen. Innah held various posts in the Public Security Department and Armed forces.



Radi Hassan Innab



ing session of the first Jordanian Scientific Agricultural Conference Minister of Agriculture Marwan Kamal (second from left) Sunday addresses the open-

Government applies modern technology to increase food production — minister

Agriculture Marwan Kamai Sunday said the government was applying modern technology in order to increase food production, adding that this was the only means of ensuring more food for the increasing needs of the coun-

Addressing the opening of the first Jordanian Scientific Agricultural Conference, held at the University of Jordan, Dr. Kamal said that not only can modern technology increase food, but it can also provide high quality output if production is backed by a continued process of scientific research and the availability of necessary inputs for the farmers.

AMMAN (J.T.) - Minister of culture has implemented development plans and conducted agricultural research projects and training programmes for Jordanian personnel involved in agricultural extension services designed to increase output.

Dr. Kamal reviewed the ministry's efforts to expand cultivated lands for the production of high demand vegetables, to develop the production of fruit and adopt. plasticulture and drip irrigation methods with efficient use of-

pesticides Bassam Snobar, dean of the University of Jordan's Faculty of Agriculture, told the meeting that the faculty's training and research programmes benefitted 3,500 agricultural engineers, adding

The state of the s

improve the quality of products. The two-day conference will review 36 working papers dealing with farming, animal wealth, irrigation and soil, agricultural economics, extension services and food processing among other

On the sidelines of the conference, the university organised an agricultural exhibit which was opened by University President Fawzi Gharaibeh.

The exhibit displays books and other publications on agricultural research, as well as guidelines for farmers and other materials.

The meeting was organised in cooperation with the Ministry of Agriculture and the Jordan Agri-He said the Ministry of Agrithat training continues in order to cultural Engineers Association.

Abdul Rahim Omar dies at 64 | Chile, Jordan to agree on potash exports

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan and Chile are working on an agreement for the export of Jordanian dan for more than 40 years.

Referring to the Arab-Israeli peace talks. Mr. Albonico said potash to Chilean markets. according to Rodrigo Diaz Albonico, the under secretary of the Chilean Ministry of Foreign

Mr. Albonico, who started a three-day visit to Jordan Saturday, was speaking Sunday following his meeting with Prime Minis-ter Abdul Salam Al Majali with whom he reviewed Jordanian-Chilean cooperation, particularly in the economic and trade arenas.

The Chilean envoy explained that Santiago and Amman are already hound by an agreement for mutual cooperation in cultural and technical fields.

Discussion with the prime minister also covered regional issues and international affairs, including the Middle East peace process, according to the Jordan

Hussein would respond favourably to an invitation extended by of the region. President Patricio Aylwin last
At another meeting, with the
year to visit Chile, which has foreign ministry's Secretary maintained strong ties with Jor- General Hussein Hammami, Mr.

Street vendors in downtown Amman may soon have areas

officially designated as open markets where they will be able to sell their merchandise (File photo)

Amman to allocate space

ity will also re-examine its deci-sion concerning kiosks because Other issues discussed included

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly hulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed

EXHIBITIONS Art exhibition by Iraqi artist Noori Al Rawi at Baladna Art

★ Exhibition by artists Mohammad Al Ameri and Ghassan Abu

* Art exhibition by Munther Al Ma'ani at the Royal Cultural

Art exhibition by Egyptian artist H. Bikar at the Balqa' Art

* Paintings exhibition by Amor Aonens and Salam Kanaan at the

☆ Permanent exhibition and "Chair" Exhibition at Darat Al

☆ Exhibition of paintings by Jordanian artist Bishara Najjar at
Eshbelia Art Gallery, Amra Shopping Centre.

BUILDING FOR RENT

Consists of 3 storeys. The ground and first floors consist of

4 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 Salons, dining room, kitchen,

three verandas with an area of of 290 square metres each.

The second floor consists of two flats each with an area of

145 square metres and each consists of 2 bedrooms, hall

The building is surrounded by a spacious garden.

Preferably to be let as a whole to diplomatic mission.

Location: Um Uthaina, Ha'el Street, behind Amra Hotel

Call tel.: 837442

Luweibdeh (10 a.m.-7 p.m. except Fridays).

and salon, kitchen and bathroom.

Funan of the Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation in Jabal

The municipality is studying the downtown areas.

time and place with the concerned institutions.

Laban at the Royal Cultural Centre.

the prospect of developing the

entire central region of Amman

to create a tourist and investment

attraction centre out of this area,

The mayor toured several areas and talked to citizens and husi-

ness owners. Later, he held a

meeting with an invited group of

merchants at the municipality to

discuss questions related to the

development of the downtown

One of the questions discussed was the asphalting of streets, a process which the merchants

claimed raises the street level causing rain water to flow into the

the prospect of assigning certain

streets for pedestrians only and the huilding of sanitary services in

said Dr. Abbadi.

for open markets

AMMAN (Petra) - The Amman

Municipality is preparing new

locations for open markets where

street vendors will be able to sell

Speaking after a tour of the

central downtown husiness area

of Amman, Mayor Mamdouh Al

Abhadi said the measure is aimed

at protecting the interests of the

store owners in the downtown

area and providing a way for

street vendors to earn a living. Store owners and merchants

complained to the mayor during his tour about the problems created by the presence of street

The mayor said the municipal-

sion concerning kiosks because some of their owners have been

abusing trade facilities offered

them by the municipality.

Gallery in Fubels.

Alia Art Gallery.

their merchandise.

vendors.

Chile strongly supports the peace process on the basis of U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338 and also supports the Palestinian-Israeli move towards creating autonomy rule for the Palestinians as an effective step in hringing peace to the region.

He said his visit, which is part of a tour that will also take him to Syria, Egypt, Lebanon, Tunisia and Greece is aimed at further bolstering Chilean-Jordanian ties in all fields.

Mr. Albonico earlier met with Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Satzan Al Hassan and reviewed developments in Chilean-Jordanian relations and the Middle East peace process.

He reiterated his country's support for the implementation of U.N. resolutions concerning the News Agency, Petra.

Mr. Alhonico said that he hoped that His Majesty King looked forward to further cementing its ties with countries



Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali Sunday meets with visiting Under Secretary of the

Chilean Foreign Ministry Rodrigo Diaz Alhonico (centre) and Chilean Ambassador to Jordan Nelson Hadad Heresi (Petra photo)

Albonico reviewed regional and international issues of common concern to Jordan and Chile. Chile's Ambassador to Jordan Nelson Hadad Heresi, who attended the meerings, said the

envoy was carrying a personal message from President Aylwin 10 King Hussein renewing an invitation for the King and Her Majesty Queen Noor to visit Chile.

He said Mr. Alhonico was hoping to strengthen the ties of friendship, trade and cooperation between the two countries and increase relations at the political, cultural

Arab League council passes measures to enhance Arab economic cooperation

AMMAN (Petra) — The Arah League Social and Economic Council, which met in Egypt last week, passed a set of resolutions and recommendations calling, among other things, for Arah states to implement economic measures designed to further enhance economic and financial cooperation among them and open the way for Arah economie integration, according to Minister of Industry and Trade Bassam Al Saket who attended the meetings in Cairo.

Speaking upon his return to Amman Sunday, the minister said the council urged the Arah governments to introduce meacapital, simplifying procedures concerning investments by the ministers of electricity council" as director of economic cooperation private sector of Arab countries and facilitating investments in inclassify cargo vessels, said Dr. trade.



dustrial, agricultural and services sures aimed at improving the sectors. The council, which met economic investments of Arab at the ministerial and experts capital, simplifying procedures level, decided to set up an "Arab

In addition, the minister said the council endorsed decision taken by council committees or organising transit travel and simplifying formalities at Arah bor Two other decisions passed at

convening of a meeting of land survey specialists in Arah state; to coordinate Arah stands in thifield, said Dr. Saket. While in Cairo, the minister attended an extraordinary session by the Council of Arah Economic

the Cairo meeting included the

establishment of an Arah federa-

tion of military sports and the

Unity to discuss means of promoting the council's activities.
Dr. Saket was accompanied to the meeting by Asem Hindawi

Election advertisements warning reiterated

partment of Press and Publica-tions at the Ministry of In-formation Sunday circulated a memorandum to local newspapers, reminding them to closely ahide by the provision of the 1986 election law which prohibits the publication of any advertisement in any form for any candidate running for the Nov. 8 parlimentary elections.

Last month the department sent a circular to the press that

any violation of article 60 of the election regolation is punishable by law.

The circular said that the law made it clear that no advertisement should appear in the press announcing the nomina-tion of a candidate by a certain tribe or the opening of an office for the candidate or even a statement by a clan voicing support for candidates.

According to the law and a statement by the Ministry of Interior on August 7, cam-

paigning for the parliamentary elections will start on Oct. 14 and will continue until Nov. 7, the day preceding the elec-

The department circular and the reminder issued Sunday stipulate that notices directly or indirectly referring to candidates are considered as part of a campaign for their election and are subsequently considered a violation of the 1986 Election Law.

Jordan to switch to winter time Oct.

Jordan (Petra) — Winter hours in Jordan begin on time will begin at midnight on Thursday Sept. 30. Friday Oct. 1, 1993, according to an official communing issued by prime minister Abdul Salam With the time change Jordan will be two hours Al Majali Sunday. The statement said that winter ahead of Greenwich Meantime (GMT).



ARAB BANK

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By Walced Sadi

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Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Beyond the handshake

THE SIGNING ceremony at the White House of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)-Israel interim self-rule agreement for the Palestinians, on what has come to be known as super Monday, is a milestone in the history of the Middle East. "Its significance goes beyond that of the Camp David accords struck between Egypt and Israel in 1979 because this time the principal antagonists in the region's primary conflict will put their seal of approval on an agreement that may set the stage for either the permanent solution of the Arab-Israeli conflict or its flare-up into new ominous proportions.

The Palestinian question has always been the core issue in the Middle East crisis. This dimension of the area's main conflict has been at the centre of all the other regional problems and has contributed to their explosions in one way or another. No wonder then that euphoria, mixed with fears and auxieties, will dominate today's signing ceremony of the Oslo accord.

Starting with this momentous Monday, the shape of the Middle East could irrevocably change. The cards of the regions' players would be so dramatically reshuffled, leaving them with more questions than answers.

There are already danger signals emanating from both the Israeli and Palestinian sides. Saturday saw the beginning of an armed clash between Palestinians in the West Bank who view the agreement in a different light. The intensity of the civil strife between the various Palestinian factions might escalate into dangerous proportions that could wreak havoc with the future of the embryonic Palestinian self-rule. His Majesty King Hussein highlighted this danger when be called in a television interview Saturday on all Palestinians to close their ranks and face the challenge in unity and

Some Palestinians will no doubt find formidable difficulties in living with the new reality that has dawned upon them. But so would some Israelis, who might express their anger with the Rabin government's "betrayal" of the Zionist dreams not only with words but also with extremist actions. Their anger might be directed at Israeli supporters of the accords as well as Palestinians in the occupied

The biggest problem with the deal that will be signed today might well be that the houses of both the Israelis and the Palestinians are divided. There is always a threat to the continuity of the peace process if the Likud Party regains power in the future or if a new radical Palestinian leadership assumes power. However, what could tip the balance in favour or against the Palestinian-Israeli peace treaty is Intervention by all peace-loving nations on behalf of the new rocess that is just starting to take shape. The Arab World eds to rally behind the Palestinians in full force, so as to rengthen their bargaining position from now on and to help them put their house in order right from the start. The le ternational community, especially countries that have albundant economic resources, have to come into the picture with much needed aid and political support to ensure sioccess of the process. But, above all, the Palestinians and the Israelis themselves, as represented by their leaders, have to be able to show the whole world that their commitment to peace will not end with an historic handshake in Washington today. The handshake will be of the utmost symbolic importance, but it is what follows that will determine the future for all of us in this part of the world.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

A COLUMNIST in Al Ra'i Arabic daily Sunday described the document signed by the PLO, recognising Israel, as the verdict of a court that tried the victim (The Palestinian people) forcing it to apologise for its past. It was as if the Palestinians were apologis for demanding their rights and fighting for their freedom, said Mahmoud Rimawi. In the document, the PLO renounced terrorism and acts of violence, but what about the Israelis and the Jewish settlers who are armed to the teeth, asked the writer. The PLO has recognised Israel's right to existence, but what about the 1967 border line and the Palestinian rights to self-determination and a state of their own on Palestinian soil? he asked. Israel has to date defined no boundaries for the Jewish nation and has therefore left the door open for future ambitious expansions, added the writer. According to the PLO-Israeli deal, the settlements will remain on Arab soil, settlers will remain and in full control of their settlements while the Israeli armed forces will remain in control of the overall security, said the writer. The writer said that the deal should have included compromises in both sides since it is Israel and the Palestinians who will either benefit from the agreement to live in peace and security or go to war at any time in the future. He said that the whole PLO-Israeli deal leaves only a narrow path for the Palestinians to enter into the next stage of struggling for their full rights and statehood.

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour said that the mosque sermons on Fridays should be directed solely towards religious affairs and not towards politics. Mohammad Subeihi said it is the right of each person to support or oppose the Gaza-Jericho first deal, between the PLO and Israel, but it is not the right of the mosque preacher to attack the agreement especially at a time when he is ignorant of details. I do not call for the preacher to present an eloquent speech reflecting his command of the Arabic language, nor should he serve as an organ in an election campaign, said the writer. It is: true that people's feelings are affected by the political events in the region, and it is also true that some people are frustrated by and their hearts are filled with despair about a host of events, but the preacher must opt for reason as he is not in a position to bring about change in a political decision that is not his own, continued the writer. It does not become a preacher to accuse others of being traitors and enemy's agents in front of worshippers and it is rather more important for the preacher to address the worshippers in matters of their immediate concern and daily life, he said. The writer said that since every one of us has a responsibility to shoulder, it is more logical for the preachers to give the people time to think and analyse the situation for themselves. He said that the main I wity now is to enhance national unity.

Weekly Political Pulse

Arab-Israeli talks on an irreversible course

The new developments that are sweeping the entire Middle East in the wake of the Oslo Israeli-PLO accord are a principal feature of the new order. No wonder the whole comity of nations moved

of the new order. No wonder the whole comity of nations moved expeditiously not only to endorse it but also to fund it. In many ways, the new and rejuvenated peace process resembles a locomotive that is effectively unstoppable. Those forces that stand in its way may end up being dismantled or destroyed altogether. That does not mean that the road to Jerusalem would be strewn with roses. Effective obstacles will be in the way. It is a fact that the Israelis and the Palestinians, the principal parties in the rekindled peace process, are deeply divided. No matter how relevant the global support to the accord is the support of the peoples directly affected by it remains critical. The world will have to closely watch the developments on both fronts to monitor the direction of the respective masses. If there is a growing the direction of the respective masses. If there is a growing consensus for peace, then the foundation of the recent agreement

will be further cemented. From the look of things, the course of peace between Israel and its Arab neighbours appears to be irreversible, notwithstanding the stiff opposition. The proponents of the deal could readily point out that there is simply no viable alternative for the Palestinians, at least in the short-or intermediate-runs. Status quo even while the Palestinian uprising goes on raging cannot be counted on to alone change effectively the equation in the area against the backdrop of the new international order and the Arab

But such argumentations in favour of the newly discovered peace between Israel and the Palestinians require a continuous dialogue with the rejectionists. No one would want to see a bloodbath in the West Bank or a civil war in Israel. Such dark developments could wreck everything constructed in the way to peace and deprive the peoples of the sweet fruits of their efforts to have peace reign supreme in their midst.

It would be a cardinal mistake to dismiss the counterforces to the Norwegian-brokered accord as marginal or inconsequential. Greater efforts need to be exerted to show respect and appreciation for the counterviews. Since the newly-arrived deal is based on a bitter-sweet compromise, there are some elements of truth and justification on both sides of the fence.

In the final analysis, what could break the back of either school In me mai analysis, what could break the back of either school of thought are the developments on the Jordanian and Syrian tracks. Should there be a breakthrough, as expected on both fronts, the momentum for peace in the region would be boosted. Should there be a stalemate, however, on both or even one of the fronts, the regional consensus for peaceful co-existence with Israel could suffer a deadly blow.

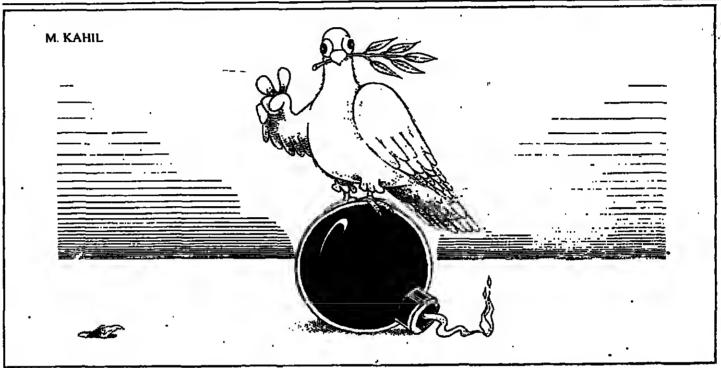
There are conflicting simple on the face of the Jordanian and

There are conflicting signals on the fate of the Jordanian and Syrian tracks. Amman declared a few months ago that it had virtually sealed an agreement with Israel but decided to withhold virtually sealed an agreement with Israel but decided to withindus signature pending the registration of meaningful progress on the Palestinian front. Recently Jordanian officials denied that there is an agreement with Israel and insisted that all that is in offing is a probable agreement on an agenda; nothing more and nothing less. Agreement on an agenda, it was pointed out, is not a prescription to an accord. "The agenda has been misrepresented as an accord," His Majesty was quoted as saying last week. "In fact," the King continued," it is an agenda of all the topics that have to be discussed in great depth." This means in effect that there is no agreement whatsoever between Israel and Jordan in spite of earlier declarations by even high officials that all is set for signature between the two parties.

Even if all that Jordan has agreed to with Israel is a list of subjects to be negotiated, this is no small feat. There are miles and miles that separate a consent to a mutually agreed upon and mines that separate a consent to a mutually agreed upon agenda and agreement on its items. It seems that what the Jordanian-Israeli teams have achieved over the last months is very little if all that they are about to agree to is a listing of the subjects to be discussed and negotiated. Nearly two years have passed since the Madrid conference was launched and much more was expected to have been concluded. Now it seems that not much had really heen done or achieved had really been done or achieved.

The Syrian side is also anything but upbeat about its negotiating process with Israel. Every time there were rumours that Damas-cus and Tel Aviv were on the verge of a breakthrough, denials from both sides quickly refuted it. In fact, if there are no real advancements on the Syrian and Jordanian fronts, the prospects for the PLO-Israeli deal would diminish simply because lack of progress on these two tracks could effectively pull the rug from under the fact of the Pelestivian Israeli track

under the feet of the Palestinian-Israeli track. The major players therefore need to be careful lest they draw too hasty comfort from the breakthrough on the Palestinian from without matching that momentous achievement with equal progress on the other fronts. Otherwise, the proponents of the Oslo deal would be further undermined.



Israel and the Palestinians see a way to coexist

By Thomas L. Friedman

WASHINGTON --- ON Nov. 2. 1917, the British foreign secretary, Arthur Balfour, issued a declaration in London stating that His Majesty's Government was ready to support the creation of a national home for the Jewish people in Palestine. The Zionist movement took that one paragraph promise, and from it, step by step, crected the state of

Nearly 76 years later, on Aug. 30, 1993, the Israeli government approved an agreement reached in secret with the Palestine Liberation Organisation sanctioning the creation of an autonomous Palestinian homeland in the Gaza Strip and Jericho. This is nothing less than the Israeli Balfour Declaration for the Palestinians, and if they build on it as the Zionists did, there is every chance it will lead to their own state.

This remarkable autonomy plan was worked out by Israeh and PLO officials during 17 secret meetings in Norway and other European sites, and initialed on Aug. 20. Under its detailed provisions, the Israeli army would first withdraw from the Gaza Strip and Jericho, where Palestinians would then start running their own affairs, and even have their own lightly armed police force. Elsewhere in the West Bank. Palestinians would begin assuming control over many aspects of daily life, including taxes, health care, education, tourism, trade and agriculture. Elections for a ruling Palestinian council would be beld within nine months of the signing of the agreement.

If implemented, this plan, coupled with the declarations of mutual recognition that Israel and the PLO are now trying to work ont, constitutes the most fundamental change in Arab-Israeli politics since the conflict began — more sweeping even than Anwar Sadat's dramatic visit to Jerusalem in 1977.

For aimost 100 years the Israeli-Palestinian conflict has proven insoluble because the two sides would not recognise the other as legitimate enemies. Israel dismissed the Palestinians as either terrorists or individuals. not a nation with legitimate, claims on historic Palestine; the Palestinians dismissed the Israelis as either "colonisers" or members of a religious community, not a nation with rights in the land of Israel.

If there is a reason to be optimistic now, it is not because the two sides have agreed on what the solution is — that will

take a lot more time. It is because after all these years they seem to be finally agreeing on what the problem is. It is not a question of who is going to own the whole pie, but what size each side's slice should be.

It is still very possible that Israelis and Palestinians will not be able to answer that question with mutual satisfaction, but the big breakthrough is that both are finally asking the right question. They are finally recognising each other as legitimate enemies that have to be reconciled - not ignored, demonised or defeated.

"I am ready for painful com-promises," said Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin of Israel. "Peace is not made with friends. Peace is made with enemies, some of whom - and I won't name names · I loathe very much."

The stakes here are enormous, because the intercommunal conflict between Israelis and Palestinians has always been at the core of both the Arab-Israeli conflict and the Jewish-Muslim fun-

the nu assume the rigors of a fundamentalist lifestyle falls exponentially.

But it is precisely because this tentative peace accord has so much potential to do good that its failure, or collapse, has such potential to wreak havoc. For three decades, the notion of a direct Israel-PLO dialogue has always been viewed as the last card. Well, now it's being played, and if it does not provide the key to unlock this conflict, the implications will be devastating, because the diplomats have nothing else up their sleeves.

Hardliners on both sides understand fully the implications of this tentative agreement, and that is why they are so agitated. It will almost certainly lead to the creation of a Palestinian affirmation of the right of the Jewish people to a homeland in Israel. The intriguing question is whether the leaders who initialed this deal understand not only its rights, but its responsibilities.

"But it is precisely because this tentative peace accord has so much potential to do good that its failure, or collapse, has such potential to wreak havoc. For three decades, the notion of a direct Israel-PLO dialogue has always been viewed as the last card. Well, now it's being played, and if it does not provide the key to unlock this conflict, the implications will be devastating, because the diplomats have nothing else up their sleeves."

damentalist struggle. That core Israeli-Palestinian conflict was so potent because it was about home. Who gets to feel at home and who doesn't. Who gets to take their shoes off and relax and who doesn't. When do you really get enraged? When you have a neighbour who never lets you feel home. For 100 years, through violence and delegitimisation, Israelis and Palestinians have made sure that the other was never allowed to really feel at home in Israel.

If the core conflict can begin to be resolved, it takes a lot of the steam out of the regional conflict. There is an Arabic proverh that says: "So long as the judge is happy." That is: if it is good for you, it's good for me. And if the deal proves good enough for the Palestinians, who are the Iranians, or the Libyans or the fundamentalists to decry it? Decry it they will, but their voices will never resonate as before. Fundamentalists feed off discontent, and if the sources of discontent can at least begin to be healed,

Is Yasser Arafat, whose title is President, whose organisation has quasiembassies, in more than 100 countries, ready to live within the strait-jacket restrictions on autonomy in Gaza and Jericho that will be required for the fiveyear transition period before any statehood? Having lived as a celebrated exile for so many years, conferring with kings and heads of state, is he now prepared to collect the garbage, fix the sewers and discipline extremists in his ranks when they attack Israelis? One of the main incentives for Israel to do this deal is to let Mr. Arafat do what they have been unable to do: collar the fundamentalists.

Protecting Arafat

Do Israel's leaders fully grasp that they are planting the seeds of a legitimate Palestinian state on their borders --- that their Mossad intelligence service will henceforth have responsibility for protecting Mr. Arafat, not stalking him, and that the pro-Israel lobby Israel Public Affairs Committee will soon be using its powerful muscles to lobby Congress for aid to both Israel and the nascent Palestinian state, because Israel cannot afford a Somalia on its doorstep?

Speaking of the American role in producing this deal, it was modest. That is as it should be (although President Clinton has shown striking indifference to the apparent breakthrough, doing nothing to publicly encourage the parties). The United States was always at best a midwife. There was never going to be an Israeli-Palestinian accord until the parties themselves were ready to take the fundamental steps on their own for their own reasons. Even if they have done the right thing for the wrong reasons -Mr. Arafat to save his political career when his coffers were empty and his enemies gathered at the door and Mr. Rabin to save his government from irrelevancy and to get rid of the Gaza hellhole — the end results could be positive, and they appear to be spurring Jordan, Syria and Lebanon to join in.

Sending the bill

It is a reminder, though, of the limits of the American role in the post-cold war world, where the fragmentation of power and the breakup of the two great ideological camps has left regional players feeling very much on their own - except in one regard: they will send us the bill Details, details. When Mr.

Peres went to see Secretary of

State Warren Christopher and the American diplomat began quizzing him on the details of the accord, Mr. Peres stopped at one point and quoted Winston Churchill, saying: "You don't leap over a chasm in two steps." If you start thinking about all the details you are paralysed. And that is the essence of what has happened a giant leap into a future whose contours can only be glimpsed. That leap itself will change the landscape, create new realities, new expectations, new possibilities and new problems. But much of the old landscape, with settlers who won't be budged, refugees who won't be able to go home and fundamentalists who may never reconcile, will remain. The question is whether the vision of a common future that motivated a tiny group of Israeli and Palestiman leaders to strike this deal will be able to transcend and eventually level the mountain of mistrust that most of their peoples still share — The New York

LETTERS

A wholesome peace

THE DECLARATION of principles on interim self-government arrangements was not solely tailored to suit Israeli perceptions of self-interest. These principles were labouriously engineered to accommodate Israel's empirical needs of self-interest on the basis that such needs are part and parcel of the mutuality of interests with the Palestinians. However, this does not mean that the Israelis are being philanthropic about these arrangements - far

Ever mindful of the sanctity of their demands, a number of which remain so far non-negotiable, the Israelis elected to coexist with the Palestinians by juxtaposing their modus vivendi against that of an interim modus operandi of five years. The "declaration" of principles," per se seems to be, in form and substance, an

or principles," per se seems to be, in form and substance, an extension of the Camp David accords, rather than an application of U.N. resolutions, namely 242 and 338.

Evidently, both the Palestinians and the Israelis have come to realise that in this process of negotiation for a comprehensive peace, each can only achieve what they negotiate for, and not what they consider themselves entitled to. Having accepted this fact as comprehensive for further negotiates the Levelin and the fact of the second state of the second s fact as common ground for further negotiations, the Israelis and Palestinians have agreed to distance the negotiations from the immediacy of U.N. resolutions. As a result, they managed to agree on the substantive modalities of the "declaration of

principles." When all is said and done, the Palestinians, after their sojourn of five years in the purgatory of expectations, will again have a state of their own. Throughout this period, it remains incumbent on Israel to see to it that the realisation of a viable and peaceful Palestine is unencumbered. For peace is whole for Israel and Palestine, and wholesome for both.

> Ludwig W. Tamari, Potomac, Maryland,

First impressions last longer

To the Editor:

After a thirteen-year lapse, I recently returned to Jordan accompanied by my wife, for whom the visit was the first in the Middle East. Three weeks or so later we had had a truly wonderful experience, which, unfortunately, was marred by two

The first occured on arrival in Aqaba. After driving from Petra, passing by Wadi Rum, we arrived at our hotel (not the overnment-owned one) on the beach. It was a hotel I remembered fondly from my last visit to Jordan.
What a disappointment!

The room was in poor condition; it was impossible to talk over the noise from the air conditioner; the bathroom lights failed to work and the room smelt of stale air. I was soon to discover that this poor impression of Aqaba as a

holiday resort reflected not only in the quality of the hotel, but also in the poorly monitored beaches, both private and municipal.

We moved to a newer hotel, set back from the beach. It was excellent, but I did wonder if it would be of the same standard in a decade or so. It would appear that the Aqaba hoteliers have failed to observe a fundamental rule of business, which is reinvestment. This does not necessarily mean buying more land for develop-

ment, thereby scarring the landscape further, but investing in order to maintain the existing facilities to a high standard.

The Aqaba coastline is relatively small and is easily overused.

Therefore, for ecological and health reasons, the beaches alone need to be kept clear, with paper, rubbish and cleaning facilities

"The "get rich quickly" and the high profit policy only work in the short term because the resort becomes overused and abused and in the long term the environment is destroyed. And this leads me to the second thing that marred my stay in

Agaba. I was saddened to find that while skin-diving, the visibility was worse than around some of the poluted areas of the British Consumer rubbish is all over the seabed close to the shore, the

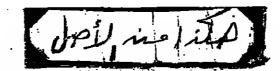
corals are dying and when we left the water, my wife and I discovered with horror that our bodies were covered in foul, ewage smelling water. The health implications are obvious, and I was left wondering whether this was complacency or oversight on the part of the

This is the Jordanian children's inheritance. One should not be selfish, but dispose of the household and industrial waste thoughtfully.

Jordan can learn from the mistakes the rest of the world has made by polluting the seas. The Kingdom's small coastline must be protected by us all if present and future generations wish to enjoy it to the full whilst being able to guarantee a healthy source of income for the tourist industry.

No matter how well tourism is promoted, the first impressions gained by the visitor, of the country's facilities, resorts and amenities, are the lasting ones and will be the fundamental key to Stuccess.

> (Maj.) James Hazon, British Army Air Corps, Middle Waltope, England.



PLO-Israeli agreement half empty or half full?

By Jonathan Wright Reuter

TUNIS - Like pessimists arguing about a glass of water. Picte in arguing about a grass of the opponents of Mr. Arafat's peace agreement with Israel complain that it's half empty. Optimistic supporters welcome what it does contain and say there may be more to come.

On both sides of the debate Palestinians share much the same aims — an independent state including the West Bank, the Gaza Strip and East Jerusalem.

Their differences began they start to talk about the nature they start to talk about the balance of power between the two sides and the dynamics of a negotiating process which may lead to a

permanent solution. Opponents deeply suspensed of Israel's intentions, expect traps

They see a monolithic Israeli state, with overwhelming military superiority, taking advantage of the Palestinians' weakness to drag them into a form of voluntary servitude.

By signing treaties with its Arab neighbours, Israel would simultaneously break out of the long Arab siege - the main card with which the Arabs could have

bargained, they say.
"Mutual recognition will lead to Israeli domination of the whole region. We will continue our struggle," said Fathi Shukaki of the movement Islamic Jihad in

Palestine. "The agreement will put us in a position of complete economic dependence on Israel ...and are we destined to be the bridge

Which Israel are we recognising?

Is it Israel plus the territories

.... context of 242 and 338 ... ?"

Answering a question on the so-called Gaza-Jericho first op-

tion, the Regent also emphasised

___ Jordan's concerns of national

ns are security, that is to say

: ~ security.

occupied, or is it Israel in the

"The main issue that concerns

across which Israel reaches the PLO meetings Arab World?" Abdallah Hourani asked a meeting of the PLO Executive Committee. -

But Mr. Arafat's supporters see the relationship as much more equal. The PLO may have had to come to terms with Israel because its back was np against the wall, but Israel also had compelling reasons to make peace, they say. "In abstract terms the PLO has

obviously given a great deal," said PLO official Jamil Hilal. "But we are gambling that the dynamics of the situation will work in our favour."

Under the agreement Israel will make an early withdrawal from the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho.

The rest of the West Bank will have a lesser degree of self-rule while Israel and the PLO negotiate the final status of the territories and problems like refugees and East Jerusalem.

"The PLO had to take the risk of going into an agreement in which the outcome is not known. There's no commitment on a Palestinian state, on Jerusalem. on borders," said Hilal.

But a Palestinian state is now a foregone conclusion. It's just a question of time and manoeuvring. The alternative for the Israelis is to say they do not want peace." be added.

Like the pessimists with their lass of water, the opponents say these omissions are the fatal flaw. What they want is a watertight

question of the tariff regime in

terms of trade and their \$60

billion economy.(It is a) potential

tremendous threat for the conn-

but the whole gamut of refogees,

water, the issues that were part of

the multilateral discussions as

issues of direct concern to the

state and to governments in the

"We regard not only borders

tries of the region ...

occupied territories once the PLO moves in. The fundamentalists, the legal document that maps out the second largest political force in future of the Levant for the next the West Bank and Gaza, are a decade and neatly matches the donble-edged sword for the PLO. resolutions they have passed at

By violent opposition they could turn self-rule into a national disaster for the Palestinians, But Israel, having put all its eggs in the PLO basket, will have to keep the Palestinian population sweet by making it possible for the PLO government to show

the PLO leadership.

Washington, disagrees.

"Self-rule in Gaza and Jericho

can in no way form a beginning to establishing land," he added.

Faisal Al Husseim, coordinator

of the Palestinian team negotiat-

ing openly with Israel in

"We are saying the Gaza-Jericho agreement is the start and

not the end," he told Palestinians

the centre of the secret contacts

which forged the deal, says he

believes the PLO has a hidden

strength because the Israeli gov-ernment realises its interests lie in

cooperation with the Arabs, not

to wipe out the Palestinian resist-

ance. The negotiations do not

depend on the military balance

but, for Israel, on its search for

normal relations in the region,"

said Hassan Asfour, Abu

The great unknown is the role

Muslim fundamentalists and

radical nationalists will play in the

The military option has failed

confrontation.

Mazen's deputy.

Abu Mazen, the PLO man at

in the occupied territories.

them real change. "Improving economic conditions is a very important condition for guaranteeing the success of the agreement," said PLO Executive Committee member Yasser Abed Rabbo."

"People must see that the Palestinian authority does have real power, that it is not just a stooge of an Israeli military governor. Otherwise people will turn to Hamas (The main fundamentalist movement)," . said

to terms with Israel," he added.

Mideast — the new momentum for change

By Jim Hoagland

WASHINGTON - In the end, Shimon Peres and Yasser Arafat turned to each other because they had no place else to go. Their joint desperation leaves their "The future of the refugees, joint draft political accord vulnersovereignty and the right of selfable to potshotting from all sides. determination will only be discus-But the agreement sets in motion sed three years after the declaraan Israeli-Palestinian chain reaction (self-rule agreement). So we have three years of anxiety foltion that offers hope for an end to nearly 100 years of civil war in the lowed by two years of negotia-tions," said Shafiq Al Hoot, an Holy Land. opponent who has resigned from

This is a moment to dwell on effects rather than causes. The words that Palestinians and Israelis have been speaking to and about each other in secret for months and in public for a week take on their own meaning and momentum now that they have been loosed. In this moment, two bitter adversaries are examining and adjusting core beliefs about human nature and its potential for change. They are not just trying out diplomatic formulas for

Ending the war with the Palestinians would in a sense be the final act of the Holocaust, which gave rise to the modern state of Israel. The real and

tactical advantage.

ish people of being history's victims cannot be stilled until the Arab world's political leaders and the Palestinian people have formally and substantively abandoned all ambitions of destroying the state of Israel.

Mr. Peres seems to have drawn Mr. Arafat towards that goal, without giving up anything essen-tial to Israeli security. To get there, the Israeli foreign minister turned the Washington negotiating process upside down. That result probably does not disturb Mr. Peres, since the process was outside his control in any event.

Israel and the United States hoped that the negotiations would develop the West Bank Palestinians into "the real or alternative leadaddress." ership, for Arab money and support now denied to Mr. Arafat's Palestine Liberation Organisation. But throughout 22 months of talk, the Palestinian delegation failed to establish any true auton-omy from the PLO. The West Bankers repeatedly professed their inability and unwillingness to manage the leveraged takeover

Palestinian self-rule in the Israeli-

occupied Gaza Strip and Jericho

before the question of the rest of

the West Bank and Jerusalem, all

captured by Israel in 1967, is

The agreement has no provi-

sion for the old Palestinian-popu-

lated areas in Israel itself, like the

Makdah family's mountain vil-

lage of Gbabsiyyeh near Acre.

The deal has angered many of the 317,000 Palestinians in Leba-

non's 13 refugee camps. Most belong to families that fled Pales-

tine in 1948 at the outbreak of the

first Arab-Israeli war, from which

arose the modern Jewish state.

lil, his wife and eight children

Arab leaders then said their

This left an opening for Mr. Peres, who had been walled off from any significant role in the peace negotiations or Israell diplomacy by Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin. Mr. Peres turned to secret contacts with the PLO in Oslo as an alternative to the Washington talks. He dragged Mr. Rabin, and the Clinton administration, along once he could show that Mr. Arafat was finally ready to accept the interim arrangements that had been on

1979 Camp David peace treaty. Drowning in a sea of financial and political turmoil caused by his disastrous support for Iraq's Saddam Hussein in the Gulf war, Mr. Arafat grasped at the lifeline in his direction by Mr. Peres. While he attempts to disguise it in bis flambovant rhetoric in Tunis the PLO chairman accepted in Oslo that his organisation will play the role of enforcer of any potential Israeli-Palestinian peace on the West Bank and in the Gaza Strip.

offer to the Palestinians since the

'Gaza and Jericho first" means that the PLO must establish order by ending the intifada in Gaza and Jericho as a precondition for

One family's exile, hope

and, now, disillusionment

PLO must also convert itself into which Arabs and Israelis must a normal political party in these cooperate against common two areas while they remain threats ranging from political exunder Israeli physical control. The PLO will not take control of Gaza and Jericho as a national liberation movement empowered morally and physically to create a

state in its image. Just as the "Gaza and Jericho first" plan represents an opportunity to end an Israeli night mare rooted in the Holocaust and five Arab-Israeli wars, it brings an end to a Palestinian dream of reconstructing pre-1947 Palestine under PLO control. Even if PLO hardliners ultimately torpedo the accord. Mr. Arafat's tentative acceptance forces a sea change in Palestinian psychology and goals.

Mr. Peres rescued a drowning Arafat believing that the PLO chairman could be useful to him and to Israel in the changed environment that the end of the cold war has brought to the Middle East. This is the sea change for Israel, which has long worked to eradicate Palestinian political leadership to ensure that no deal could be made.

tremism to the creeping desertification of their lands, last February during a visit to Washington: "We saw in the Gulf war that missiles and non-conventional warheads make a national defence alone impossible. We must have a regional defence and a political approach" to the Arab-Israeli conflict. "We must reorganise everything and reexamine all

opportunities they once had." This was about the same time that he was entering serious talks with the PLO in Oslo, about which, of course, he said not a word 10 me -- nor, apparently, to his prime minister.

roots ... Maybe Arab dictators

don't change, but they no longer have Russian support of the

For once, Peres the visionary worked hand in glove with Peres the Machiavellian deal-maker. Whatever comes next, he has broken taboos that needed to be destroyed for an Israeli-Palestinian peace to have a Mr. Peres explained to me his chance - The Washington Post.

By Donna Abu-Nasr The Associated Press

SIDON, Lebanon - Inspired by a man he had never met, Munir Makdah left school at age 10 to fight for a land he had never seen. In the next 23 years, this

Palestinian refugee grew from child guerrilla to military commander of all the fighting men in Lebanon loyal to his boyhood idol, Palestine Liberation Organisation Chairman Yasser Arafat.

But the pride that came from serving Mr. Arafat turned to shock, then bitterness, when he learned Mr. Arafat was concluding a deal with the Israelis that calls for only limited self-rule over a small part of his beloved Palestine.

Two weeks ago, Mr. Makdah publicly called for Mr. Arafat's resignation. Since then, Mr. Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin have exchanged letters of recognition, and the PLO has renounced terrorism and acknowledged Israel's right to exist in peace and security.

"It seems that Abu Ammar has forgotten what he taught us," Mr. Makdah said, using Mr. Arafat's guerrilla name, "But although he has deviated from the true path; we will continue armed struggle as if no agreements have been made until all our lands are liberated."

Khalil Makdah, then a 25-year-

old milkman, left Ghabsiyyeh with the possessions he cherished most: his Palestinian identity card, the key to his house, and documents issued by the British in the 1940s for Palestine that included tax receipts and deeds

for his home. So sure was the family of their imminent return that Hadiyyah Ward, Khalil Makdah's second wife whom he married in Lebanon - recalls her father, Mustafa, saving the seeds of Lebanese watermelons and tomatoes in jars to plant when they returned to

Palestine.

Two years later, he threw the seeds away. "Our parents thought they were going to Lebanon on a picnic," said Hadiyyab, a heavyset woman with a shy smile, as she adjusted her blue scarf, "We

armies would push the Israelis ont of Palestine in 15 days. Instead, millions of Palestinians ended up in shantytown camps like thought we would be pampered Sidon's Ein Al Hilweh, where Mr. Makdah's grandfather, Khaand spoiled by our hosts. Instead, we got camps, tragedy and pain." Khalil Makdah lost his house

key and identity card. But the

documents, yellowed and crumb-

ling, have survived 45 years. Mr. Makdah, now 70, hides them in a small cabinet next to his bed. He keeps the key to the cabinet, wrapped in newspaper, m his pillow case.

alculate how much he will inherit," said Mr. Makdah, a tall, slight stooping man with white hair and 10 children and 109 grandchildren. Two of bis children were killed and three wounded while fighting Lebanese militias in the 1980s.

"But after this treacherous agreement, I wonder whether anyone of my family will ever see our land in Palestine," he said, "I gave Yasser Arafat two martyrs, what did I get in return?"

The Makdahs heard from travellers that the family house in in nearby Manshiyyeh were des-troyed in the 1948 fighting, but

Munir Makdah, disillusioned commander of Mr. Arafat's' Fatch guerrillas in Lebanon, refuses to consider the family property a "phantom inheritance.

"We will take it back, in 10, 50 or 100 years," the bearded 33-year-old said, sitting under an inscription of the Koran, at a Fatch office in Ein Al Hilweh. His first mission as a boy fighter was learning to fire mortars across the Lebanese border at Israeli settlements. 'We were fedayeen (men of

"Every time a child is born, I sacrifice) then, fighting to regain; alculate how much he will in- all of Palestine," Mr. Makdah: said, his brown eyes shining with "Palestine is my land. Whenev-

er I slipped into Israel to carry; out operations there, I found it hard to leave. I couldn't believe I. was in Palestine," said Mr. Makdab.

He declined to give details of these operations, except to say; that he once reached Nahariya, a coastal town 9 kms south of the Lebanese border.

Mr. Makdah said he has already set his five children, aged Ghadsiyyeh and their four shops I to 9, on the path he has followed.

"I give them hand grenades the 45 olive trees and three hectares of land are intact. They're unsure who tends them now.

and revolvers to play with so they will get attached to the revolution," he said, "They love it."

"The Israelis even regard the Palestinian-Israeli track..." Mideast turns a page today

cooperative security in the region region that cannot be relegated to

Economic disparity is risky

(Continued from page 1)

Jerusalem as its capital, side-byside with the state of Israel, will be created," he said.

The delegation with Arafat included members of the Palestinian "government-in-exile," such as Mr. Yasser Abed Rabbo, two PLO architects of the accord which was thrashed out with Israeli officials in Oslo.

A notable absentee in the PLO. delegation was the organisation's political department chief and acting foreign minister, Farouk Kaddoumi, who opposes the accord.

Mr. Arafat said in an interview published Sunday that be planned to be in Jericho in a 'matter of weeks" even though the autouomy plan allocates up to six months to implement an Israeli withdrawal.

"I'll live in Jericho and in Gaza. I intend on living in both places." Mr. Arafat told Israeb ouroalists in an interview published in the mass-circulation daiby Yedioth Ahronoth. "It's a matter of weeks, several

weeks, at most ten weeks," Mr. Arafat answered when asked when he planned to arrive in " Jericho. About 300 well-wishers greeted

Mr. Rabin and Mr. Peres, some blowing kisses and throwing flowers at them as they arrived at Ben Gurion airport near Tel Aviv to board a special air force jet. A group of Arab Druze women among them help up signs in Hebrew that read "we don't want

Neither leader made any statements, but Mr. Peres told the radio before the departure that he believed "very many" Israelis supported the agreement.

Asked by the radio whether when signing the agreement at the White House, he would be shaking Mr. Arafat's hand, alongside Mr. Rabin, Mr. Peres said "definitely yes."

"How do you feel about it?," he was querried, and Mr. Peres replied, "it's peace between peoples, not individuals alone. Asked if he would shake hands

with Mr. Arafat, Mr. Rabin replied: "If it will be needed." "Many taboos bave been broken in these past few days," Mr. Christopher said in a television interview referring to Mr. Arafat's visit.

"I think this agreement will provide a catalyst, an impetus to make progress on the other tracks, said Mr. Christopher, who indicated he might soon make another trip to the Middle East to further the peace process.

"The Syrian track is certainly an essential track. I've had long conversations with both Prime Minister Rabin and (Syrian) Pres-ident (Hafez Al) Assad," said Mr. Christopher. "No doubt ... President Assad was correct when he said this (peace accord) needs to be comprehensive. Peace in the Middle East has never just been in one piece."

Israel's cabinet Sunday unanimously approved Mr. Rabin's recognition of the PLO, hours before Mr. Rabin left for Washington.

Before the vote, however, Interior Minister Aryeb Deri resigned from the government, raising doubts as to whether bis six-member Shas party would vote for the agreement when it is brought before the 120-seat par-

Mr. Deri and other Shas officials have been the subject of a long corruption scandal and have charged the government with deliberately targeting the party because of its growing influence.

Mr. Deri's resignation could lead the ultra-religious. Shas to quit the ruling coalition, leaving Mr. Rabin with a minority gov"And Hamas will never come The Palestinian-Israeli auton-

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Tarawneh to represent Jordan (Continued from page 1)

Mr. Clinton said in Houston, Texas, later Saturday that he expected Jordan and Israel to formalise their agenda for peace talks soon.

Dr. Marwan Muasher, head of the Jordan Information Bureau in Washington and spokesman for the Kingdom's peace negotiating team, said Saturday that Jordan and israel hoped to announce agreement on the agenda on Tuesday, probably at a joint news conference at the State Department.

Muasher told Renters, but added: "We expect to be able to do it Tuesday."

happen is we will announce it in a joint press conference at the State Department." Israeli Prime Minister Yit-

zhak Rabin said Sunday in an

"It is tentative," Dr.

"There will be no signing," he said. "What probably will

American television interview: "There is a reason to believe that on Tuesday there will be a signing of the agenda for the continuation of negotiations between Israel and Jordan."

Egypt starts export guarantees with French help

CAIRO (R) — Egypt opened an export credit guarantee agency Sunday, in partnership with the billion pounds (\$7.51 billion) French export credit agency Coface, to encourage its exporters to venture into new markets and offer better terms of pay-

Export Development Bank of Egypt (EDBE) Chairman Hazem Al Behlawi, who set up the Export Credit Guarantee Company of Egypt, said it would provide insurance to cover exporters against non-payment on shipments they had made.

The Egyptian exporter has been reluctant to offer the kind of payment terms he needs to get sales. Now he will be much more aggressive," Mr. Behlawi told Reuters late Saturday.

"The deal with Coface is very important for us. We have no experience hut we are not starting from zero because we will have their experience. It is a sort of copartnership which will reduce the overall risk," he added.

Under the deal, Coface will coinsure Egyptian exporters, joining them to a pool of French exporters and splitting up the risk proportionally. A Coface officer will work in Egypt and there will be a communications link be-... tween the Paris and Cairo agen-

investment away.

Next International Marketing

Consultants said he believed the

five-day show had achieved its

aim of reintroducing Americans

and South Africans to each other

after decades of apartheid isola-

dow for the husiness communities

of both the United States and

South Africa to meet each other

and talk to each other," he told

African National Congress

the ANC expected to call for the

sanctions by the end of the

ANC President Nelson Mande-

la also toured the fair, with about

200 companies on the ground and

800 represented, and urged Americans to invest in the New

_(ANC) who told the husinessmen

-- - by Thaho Mbeki, chairman of the

lifting of remaining economic

month.

"I think we've opened a win-

with South Africa

were more than double exports of 11.76 billion Egyptian pounds (\$3.50 hillion).

The government, under political pressure over prices driven up by market-oriented economic reforms, would also like to see a surge in exports to help lead the economy out of a two-year reces-

Mr. Behlawi said the new agency, starting with 10 million Egyp-tian pounds (\$3 million) paid-up capital and a preferred loan of 50 million pounds (\$16 million) from the government, could help Egyptian firms regain markets they lost when communism collapsed in eastern Europe. Egypt's extensive trade with

communist-bloc under centrally-managed trade protocols has been inptured by economic turnoil since the collapse of the Soviet Union.

EDBE has taken a 30 per cent stake in the export credit guarantee agency and provided many of its staff. The state-owned National Investment Bank has 20 per cent and three state-owned insurance firms have 30 per cent between them.

The remaining 20 per cent of stock has been distributed largely Egypt has suffered a chronic to three state-owned banks to sell

trade deficit for decades. In 1991, on to the public. **U.S.** companies seek more trade

JOHANNESBURG (R) - A Mbeki, and the presence at the -U.S. trade fair has made it clear fair of the U.S. risk insurance American companies want to exorganisation Overseas Private Inpand trade with South Africa as vestment Corp "testing the water," were major grounds for sanctions lift, but violence and political nucertainty are keeping optimism. Dumisani Kumalo, a partner in Fair organiser David Altman of Afric A.M. International Busi-

ness and Development Associates, said South Africa was wide open for investment, with the 85 per cent black population deprived of advancement in the past. The wise investment would be to aim at the entire South African

pepplation, and that would do well." he-said. A former South African jour-nalist. Mr. Kumalo went into exile in the United States in 1977 and was a driving force in imposing

ctions on the apartic minority government.

Now, he is working to have

sanctions lifted and to attract investment to his homeland. This is now the time to come

back and invest. Of course there is money to be made," he said. Robert Appelbaum of Johannesburg law firm Moss-Morris Inc. which had a consultancy booth at the fair, said there had been "positive interest from the American side. But not serious

Russian national airline could be split up

MOSCOW (R) - The international wing of Russia's national airline Aeroflot could be split into four parts due to a decision by the state privatisation agency.

a senior Aeroflot official said.
"We are not sure that Aeroflot
will stay in one piece," Vladimir
Tikhonov, head of the international commercial department at Aeroflot, told reporters.

Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin signed an order in April to privatise Aeroflot-Russian International Airlines. which covers operations outside the former Soviet Union, as a whole, he said. But the state agency in charge of privatisation, in defiance of Mr. Chernomyrdin's order, floated its own proposal to divide it into four independent airline companies.

The agency, Goskomimushchestvo, and the government's anti-monopoly committee argue that hreaking up the Aeroflot monopoly is the only way to create healthy competition and raise standards.

Mr. Tikhonov said this option had won support from some government officials but criticised it fiercely. "If this is approved it will be a historic tragedy for Aeroflot," he said.

It would mean dividing up Aeroflot's 200-aircraft international fleet and cause the airline it to lose its trademark, known worldwide, Mr. Tikhonov said. Smaller national airlines would not be in a position to fly to some international destinations seen as unprofitable, he said.

These flights can be conducted only by a hig airline," said Mr. Tikhonov. "Now about 30 per cent of Aeroflot's flights are unprofitable but taking into account the whole flight network this is tolerable." Aeroflot made \$1.2 billion pro-

fit last year on its international routes, making it the 43rd most profitable airline in the world, compared to a 1991 profit of \$800 million.

Mr. Tikhonov did not give a profit forecast for 1993 hut said it would be "minimum" and less than last year. Mr. Tikhonov said Aeroflot

received no financial support from the government but that the cash-strapped government regairline's profits.

NEW DELHI (AFP) — Disbonest Indians who have stashed hillions of rupees away from the

tax man will be given a chance to invest their wealth in the search

for oil, Petroleum Minister Satish

Mr. Sharma told members of a

parliamentary committee accre-

dited to his ministry here than the

holders of "hlack money" would

Turkey urges preparation for EC customs union

Suleyman Demirel urged Turkish industrialists Sunday to gear up for a customs nnion with the European Community (EC).

Turkey, an associate member of the EC, has pledged to tear down all tariff and non-tariff trade barriers against EC products by the end of 1995, as a key step to become a full member. Turkish industrialists should

get ready for the customs union. Those who claim they will go bankrupt should put their com-panies in order," Mr. Demirel told a meeting of the Economic Development Foundation, marking the 30th anniversary of urkish-EC nes

Some Turkish economists have warned that the country's fledgling industries, including car makers, would collapse if all trade barriers are removed and the local market is flooded by cheap-

Speaking at the same meeting, Christiane Scrivener, an EC Commission member, said a customs union would help force closer ties between the 12-nation

Community and Turkey. 'A customs union is the best way of strengthening our relations," Ms. Scrivener said. She said the EC would have to

meet certain obligations towards Turkey when the customs union went into effect, including an easing of restrictions on Turkish textile imports.

Turkey hopes full membership will attract increased foreign investment, boost its exports and. raise living standards.

About half of its trade is

already with the EC nations. Turkey must draw capital by making it an attractive investment centre.". We have to build industries and services that can

compete with the world," Mr. Demirel said.

The Turkish leader said the government would have to privatise all state enterprises and dump protectionist policies to integrate with Enrope.

"State enterprises have fulfilled their roles. Government funds no longer exist to finance protectionism." Mr. Demirel said. "It is absurd to subsidies industries that are not rational.

The EC, preoccupied by the unification of Germany, recession and potential new members in eastern Europe, shelved Tur-key 1987 hid for full membership.

Turkey's ties with the EC have often been soured by its weak human rights record and its 1974 invasion of Cyprus where the Turkish-Cypriots' selfproclaimed state in the north is recognised only by Ankara.

to use new technology to cut costs

and wring just a few more barrels

of the West's own oil from declin-

All this was on a day when

sagging prices evoked new OPEC

calls for Saudi Arabia to shut in

dant - and cheap - oil to put a

In yet another irony, bowever,

politics in the Middle East may

now conceivably help the Saudis

On the face of it, the peace

deal between Israel and the

Palestine Liberation Organisa-

tion (PLO) looks "bearish," since

it may promise a further easing

The oil market, however, is

concerned less about the Levant

than with Iraq - and with pros-pects that the United Nations

may ease its Gulf war embargo on

New sell-offs have hit the pet-

roleum futures pits each time a

news headline has suggested that

But now, the New York Times

reports, Sandi King Fahd has

promised U.S. President Bill Clinton to provide cash for the

Palestinians to help to cement the

It is just possible, say some

traders, that this may make it

easier for Saudi lobbyists to get

the United States to see to it that

that nation's oil exports.

this could happen soon.

Middle East deal.

500,000 more barrels of its abun-

floor under the market.

to rescue the oil price.

of tension.

EC poised to protect small depositors against bank failures

pean Community (EC) is poised to approve harmonised regulations to protect small depositors against bank failures, despite the objections of Germany, diplomats have said.

Diplomats said the measure was the only decision of substance expected from a meeting of EC finance ministers Monday.

The ministers were expected to agree that depositors should be guaranteed refund of 90 per cent their money up to a limit of 20,000 European Currency Units (about \$23,000) if a bank or

building society goes.

Under the scheme, financial institutions throughout the Community would be required to join a deposit guarantee fund and agree to a minimum level of protection for deposits in any EC

Under the compromise crafted hy the EC's current Belgian presidency, countries such as Greece, Spain and Portugal with less comprehensive guarantee systems or none at all would be allowed five years to meet the EC standard.

The proposal has been under discussion for a year, with some countries arguing that it was 100 strict, and others saying it was not strict enough. Germany, Italy and France currently have considerably more generous systems.

German officials said they

would oppose the measure, because it would interfere with the voluntary German system, which offers virtually unlimited protection, and would force German banks outside the system to join

Germany is also objecting to the measure because foreign hanks operating in Germany would be allowed to join And the German banks are

BRUSSELS (AFP) - The Enro- worried that they might be in quired to lower their profesion guarantee ceilings when the operate in countries with many stems, thus losing a come

odge.
Diplomats said the m would take only a cursory look at currency problems and the house tricht treaty deadline for su up a Enropean monetary is on Jan. I to promote profess

towards a single currency by Belgian Finance Minister Phys lippe Maystadt called last week for defences against currency spe. culation to protect the single carrency project from the excha rate turmoil which has threatmed

to derail it over the past year. But one diplomat said Monday's meeting would concernate instead on the techniquenes needed to set up the institute the forerunner of a Euler central bank -- by Jan. View

"I is just possible that therething can be done in time to meet the deadline," he said, provided that Germany ratifies the Mantrict union treaty in October, The rest of the H-country EG has already ratified it.

The ministers were consi unlikely to approve proposal for a bridging investment loan find of five billion European Currency Units (\$5.85 billion) and for another fund to subsidise interest on loans to small businesse Both proposals, from the EC's

executive European Commission aim at boosting employmen But a British official said the first bore too much resemblance to deficit financing - a sore point at a time when EC countries an supposed to be running down their deficits --- and the second was impractical.

best manner in which you can put them across and avoid a many

SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem-

ber 211 Take care that you write

and say exactly what you mean in

spend best efforts in improving

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to

December 2t) Be very careful not

to be misled in a practical situation but you will be able to put progres-sive ideas across to usual compun-

nications with others and

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR MONDAY SEPTEMBER 13, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: YOU vities of a constructive nature which you can make progress we may be apt to be too sensitive and find that you're not feeling up to, par today and you will need to ignore some unpleasant comments if you are to maintain your equilib-rium and keep on balance. stay away from pleasures that the frivolous. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Think today in terms of thee special talents you have and the

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Use care where influential persons are concerned but in respect to your own personal desires go after them in a most original and unique

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) V vou can adv ance more quickly in modern ways where your credit, career and com-munity interests are concerned and you make out well.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You would be wise not to take on added responsibilities now while at the same time you are able to get a fresh new slant on a project that is

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 10 July 21) Whatever an associate wants you to do is apt to be adverse to your best interests so study with

care and depend upon attach-LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Think about what modern-minded partners can do to help your joint enterprises and don't be so engros-

sed in your job that you miss out in this direction. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Consider well the various acti-

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Your ideas may be a bit off in judgment but practical minded experts can quickly put you on the right track if you lesten intently to them.

ions with aplomb.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Don't let a secret worry that confuses you take precedence over getting out and letting others know what your personal desire happen to be.

PISCES: (February 20 to Min 20) Keep away from a determined friend who wants something odd from you and instead build up a greater rapport with the one who means the most to you.

As Middle East tensions abate, so oil prices slide And the show's theme was how

LONDON (R) - The price of oil imbalance in world oil that is is in one of its periodic slumps when, as Middle East tensions ease, Western buyers fear a glut more than they do a threat to

London futures for the world benchmark Brent Blend of crude oil sank last week below \$15.50 per harrel, their lowest since the 1990 Iraqi invasion of Kuwait, Allow for inflation, and the

price is no better than it was before the 1973 Arah oil emhar-Now, as then, industry-

watchers say that the value of the world's single most important strategic commodity is hostage to the volatile politics of the Middle In 1973, prices set by OPEC (Organisation of Petroleum Ex-

porting Countries) quadrupled when the Arabs cut supplies because of the West's support for Israel in a Middle East war. A second "oil shock" occurred in 1979. The oil companies feared

that Iran's Islamic revolution might engulf Saudi Arahia, in the panic to fill stocks, prices shot up above \$40. They did that again, too, in 1990 when Saddam Hussein ::-

vaded Kuwait and his missiles threatened the Saudi oil fields: In between these "spikes, however, prices have tended to weaken, especially when the global economy is sluggish and oil demand turns flat.

At mase, analysis say, these

be given immunity from prosecu-tion if they sank their funds into oil exploration.

He said "an attractive package to the owners of hlack money"

was to be made available, an

the petroleum and finance minis-

tries, is the latest bait being dang-

led by the government to encour-

The scheme, being drafted by

official press release said.

India to lure black money to draw black gold

political disruption in the Middle That fear has persuaded the West to invest hillions in a

itself also created by the fear of

strategic insurance policy - tapping its own oil outside the Middle East in places like Alaska and the North Sea.

Norway now produces more than any OPEC seller except Sandi Arabia and Iran. According to Philip Verleger at

the Institue for International Economics in the United States. "the decline in OPEC's market power has probably been the largest contributor to the fall in crude prices." "Our bottom line is that prices

are going to continue to decline," The West and other non-

OPEC sellers like Russia refuse to impose output controls. That puts the hurden exclusively on OPEC of setting quotes to try to defend prices at a level that keeps their high-cost oil fields in busi-

By a stroke of irony, prices tumbled 30 cents just last Friday even as the Scottish city of Aberdeen played host to 50,000 guests at its 1993 offshore Europe ex-Aberdeen is the base for Brit-

ish North Sea oil operations. Visitors could inspect such space-age technology as remote control pumps to sit on the sea recoverent gluts mark a structural kilometres from the nearest ig. maintained for a bit longer.

age tax-dodgers to channel their

wealth into productive purposes.
It follows the success of the

gold bonds scheme launched in March which offerred wealthy In-

dians a legal channel to launder their "hlack" or "number two"

The central hank attracted 4I

tonnes of gold from depositors

who were given five-year bonds

under the scheme of tempt the dishonest with immunity from prosecution. No questions were

asked as to the source of the gold.

Black money holders had ear-lier been offered a chance to finance housing projects for the poor, bearer bonds and voluntary disclosure schemes to ferret out their untaxed income.

Peanuts

Sharma has announced.











Andy Capp











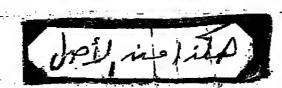
Mutt'n'Jeff







THE Daily Crossword by Roger Jurgovan 15 Small parrot 16 Golf score 17 Singer Johnny 18 On Sound 23 Murray and 39 Pugnacious 41 Comflower 43 Lifts 44 Breathe freely 48 Sudden breath 10 Quick 11 With oper mouth 12 Polot 13 Cares for 49 Singing John 50 Certain liquor 55 Dote on 56 Lustrous black 21 Skates 25 Land area 28 Certain Se 57 Draft animals S8 Goddess of agriculture 59 Pry curiously 60 Actor Robert 27 Tire 28 Surety for 29 Liconce flavor 61 Curi 31 Penitence 32 Percussion 62 -- off (trate) 63 US inventor DOWN 33 Chils 34 Huntley or Altins 35 Winsbibbers 37 Battle reminds 40 Aloof attitude 41 Honning 43 Prompiles 44 Respond 45 Sentor 46 Stash 1 Killer whale 2 Actress Patricia 3 Throw 4 Short-lived 5 Locations 47 Skm aper 48 Silly one 51 Reed 52 Showy plant 53 Social dud





bashed open a can of ravioli."

JUMBILE THAT SCHAMBLED WORD GAME VARGE LIBOR RICION SOMETHING IN A HAT STORETHAT MIGHT MAKEYOU LOOK FOOLISH. **DIMFOY** Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon. Print answer here: A Jumbles CHALK CHESS BODILY POPLIN Where was the fish when the kid playing hooky caught him?—IN A SCHOOL

Financial

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me

: - 24.

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Cairo Amman Bank

NO. OF TRADED SHARES IN PARALLEL MARKET TRADED VOLUME IN THE PARALLEL MARKET



Foreign Exchange Market Summary (September 7-September 10, 1993)

AMMAN — The dollar lost considerable ground against European currencies last week, despite interest rate cuts by the Bundesbank on Thursday. The U.S. unit, ended the week 1.19 per cent lower against the mark, 1.42 per cent lower against sterling, while it moved 1.45 per cent higher against the yen. After the Labour Day holiday in New York Monday, the dollar traded in narrow ranges Tuesday, but was slightly lower against European currencies in response to increased expectations that the Bundesbank might not ease monetary policy further during its Council meeting Thursday. Analysts indicated that higher-than-expected German M3 money supply figures, showing a growth of 7.4 per cent in July, fed expectations of a tight stance by the Bundesbank. Others also indicated that continued purchases of marks by European central banks to replenish mark reserves contributed to the dollar's decline.

On the other hand, stronger-than expected Gross Domestic Product figures in western Germany; released that day, confirmed analysts' beliefs that the pace of economic recovery in Germany was picking up faster than had previously been expected, and that in turn could affect the German unit positively in the near future. GDP was reported to have grown at an annualised rate of 0.5 per cent in the second quarter, compared to 1.9 per cent decline in the first quarter. The dollar moved slightly higher against the yen however, following comments of U.S. Treasury Undersecretary Lawrence Summers on CNBC TV. Mr. Summers was quoted as saying that he felt comfortable that the Japanese government is ready to take steps that would ease access of imported goods to its domestic market

and reduce its mounting trade surplus.

The dollar held steady against the mark Wednesday, but moved lower against sterling. Reports indicated that many traders were refuctant to take new positions, ahead of the Bundesbank Council meeting the next day. Despite speculation of a tiny cut in German interest rates, analysts expected a continued tight stance on monetary policy as they indicated that recent economic and monetary data would justify such an

Comments by U.S. Federal Reserve Vice Chairman David Mullins caused the dollar to rebound temporarily against the

mark during trading bours that day.

Mr. Mullins indicated that the negative consequences resulting from further interest rate cuts could overcome the positive ones expected from such an action. In the meantime, a published report by the Federal Reserve on economic conditions failed to support the dollar. The report indicated that economic conditions had moved from slow to moderate growth levels, in most U.S. districts in late July and August.

The dollar retreated against European currencies Thursday, despite interest rate cuts by the Bundesbank, as traders preferred to keep their long mark positions. The Bundesbank cut both its discount and Lombared rates by 0.50 per cent to 6.25 per cent and 7.75 per cent respectively. The dollar was reported to have appreciated slightly upon announcement of the cnts. Failure to break through the 1.62 mark level caused it to drop sharply later in the day, however. Dollar sentiment was further hurt Friday, following the

Dollar sentiment was further hunt Priday, following the release of U.S. August PPI figure, which was lower than expected, thus removing the possibility of a Fed tightening in the short term. The PPI figure fell 0.6 per cent, after a 0.2 per cent drop in July. Analysis attributed much of the drop in August to a record drop in tobacco prices. The dollar moved higher against the yen however, following the release of a report by the Bank of Japan, giving a bad picture of the Japanese economy, which in turn revived expectations of an imminent cut in the Japanese discount rate. The dollar thus, ended the week at 1.5070 marks 106.04 ven and at 1.5518 dollars to the pound. at 1.5970 marks, 106.04 yen and at 1.5518 dollars to the pound.

Control Bank of Jordan Exchange Rate Bulletin

	. Dan	12/9/1993
Currency	Bid	-Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.6880 .	. 0.6900
Sterling Pound	1.0670	1.0723
Deutsche Mark	0.4309	. 0,4331
Swim Franc	0.4932	0.4957.
French Franc	0.1228	· 0_1234
Japanese Yen	0.6481	0.6513
Dutch Guilder	0.3834	0.3653
Swedish Krona	0.0870	0.0888
Italias Lira*	0.0447	0.0449
Beiglan Franc	0.01999	. 0.02016
Por 186		

Согтемсу	3/9/1993 Close	10/9/1993 Close	Percent Change
Sterling Pound	1.5300	1.5518	1.42 %
Deutsche Mark	1.6160	1.5970	-1.19 %
Erench Franc	5.6925	5.5968	-1.7; \$
Japanese Yen	104.50	106.04	17.45)\$

Japanese land prices suffer sharpest fall since 1955

TOKYO (AFP) - 3apan's land prices at the beginning of this year were down 18.1 per cent from a year earlier, the sharpest fall since current records were started in 1955, the National Tax Administration Agency has said.

The agency said the average price of land near major roads across the country was 299,000 yen (\$2,945) a square metre on 3an. 1, down from 365,000 yen

the year before. Average land prices plunged by 20.6 per cent in the Tokyo area, 23.9 per cent around Osaka and 16.6 per cent around Nagoya. Excluding the three biggest cities, prices were down 5.8 per cent from a year earlier, the agency

The tax agency uses the annual survey of 350,000 plots of land across Japan to calculate inheritance and land taxes.

Land prices were initially estimated to bave fallen 7.4 per cent the previous year. But after adjusting to a new method of calculation, based on 80 per cent of appraised value rather than the previous 70 per cent, the agency said, prices rose 5.8 per cent last year, making this year's fall the first since 1955.

Oman seeks cutback in foreign workforce MUSCAT (R) — Oman, trying ing mechanical equipment and to rein in a rapidly expanding digging water wells. In a ruling aimed at cutting the

tional Omani jobs.

Ministerial decrees issued last

week limited private firms with financial assets of less than producer with a population of over two million.

They banned the employment of foreign workers, who already number well over 450,000 in jobs such as fishing, berding, and making traditional Omani band-

They also banned them from working in pubbe relations, secretarial work, tailors, bairdressers, laundries and from operat-

on the number of expatriate number of foreign domestic serworkers in the private sector and vants working in Oman, only banned them from taking tradi-tional Omani jobs. expatriates earning over 700 (\$1,800) riyals a month will be allowed to employ a housemaid.

The rulings are the latest in a government campaign of "Oma-150,000 rivals (\$390,000) to a nisation" seeking to cut depend-maximum of 60 expatriate work- ence on expatriate workers, who ers in the country - a small oil each year send home an estimated 900 million riyals (\$2,34 billion) in remittances.

An official at Oman's ministry for social affairs and labour said the decrees were aimed at stopping the influx of overseas workers, mainly from Pakistan and India. Foreigners already work-ing in Oman would not lose their

jobs, he said. "These decisions will not affect people already working in the

country. As long as their emhave their visas renewed," the official said.

Employers who could not find Omanis with the necessary expertise for the job required would also be granted exemption.

"The aim is to encourage Omani nationals to work in traditional jobs and to decrease the dependence on expatriate workers, who make up 67 per cent of the labour force," he said.

But businessmen say even if the rulings led to a reduction in cheap foreign competition in the labour markets, many Omanis are both too inexperienced in business and unwilling to work for the low wages offered by such employment.

We don't want to rush into a speedy Omanisation whereby we will see many Omanis taking up profitability of companies," leading Omani businessmen Murtada Bin Ahmad Sultan Watan told Al Watan newspaper.

He urged improved training for Omanis and an upgrading in the country's educational system.

Statistics published by Oman's central bank show the number of expatriates working in the private sector, which accounts for the overwhelming majority of foreign workers, shot up 50 per cent in the last two years to 421,000 in

The government, trying to find work for the rapidly growing number of school-leavers, has until now mainly targetted the civil service in its Omanisation cam-

paign.
The central bank said in its

iobs in the private sector but at latest newsletter that 64.2 per the same time bringing down the cent of the 93,000 civil servants were now Omani. The proportion had shown a steady annual rise from 58.8 per cent in 1985.

The bank bas also set commercial banks in the sultanate a target of 90 per centemployers by 1995. It was 76 per cent last year.

But it said many banks were merely filling up clerical grades with Omanis and had left the senior management still dominated by expatriates.

The bank's 1992 annual report gave no overall figure for Oman's

workforce. The total Omani population, including expatriates, is esti-mated at around 2.0 million, but no precise figures will be avail-able until publication of results of the country's first census, due to be held on Nov. 30.

China pledges more market share to foreign firms

ment by major international foreign market share. firms, seeking to draw more foreign capital and technology into investment by U.S. multination-the economy, officials were als has been directed to China, quoted as saying.

a larger share of the domestic market to foreign transnational corporations," Foreign Trade Minister Wu Yi was quoted as saying by the official China Daily. '(It) will take steps to improve its overseas investment policies and make them more compatible with international norms.

Mr. Wn did not give details of

PEKING (R) - China will re- the market-opening scheme or set duce restrictions on direct invest- any targets for the expansion of

whose vast markets remain highly The government is set to give restricted despite 14 years of economic reforms.

Mr. Wu and other officials speaking at a Peking conference said recent trials allowing direct foreign investment by major overseas firms had been successful and brought benefits to China and further unspecified experi-

ments were in the works. Foreign Investment Adminis-

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tration chief Jiao Sufan said the trade ministry was easing restric-tions on transnationals and encouraging them to set up investment firms in China.

The investment companies will be allowed to have a wider scope of operation, including multi-trade, multi-domain, and cross-regional investment and management," Ms. Jiao said. Ms. Jiao was quoted by the official Xinhua News Agency as saying China was keen for over-

base for the Asian and Pacific operations. Ms. Jiao binted a further shift of a computerised national fore-

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seas firms to choose China as the

away from China's longstanding practice of earning foreign exchange by insisting that foreign funded ventures export most of their production, saying some foreign exchange accumulation could be accomplished through the market.

"For investors with advanced technology, the government should allow them to sell part or whole of their products in China — in addition to granting them special tax exemptions - and obtain foreign currency through marketing," Ms. Jiao said. She said she hoped completion

ign exchange network would ease the imbalance between (foreign exchange) demand and

supply and maintain relative sta-bility."

Ms. Jiao said emphasis was being placed on service industries and overseas direct investments were allowed on a trial basis in 1992 and 1993 in the retail sector, as well as finance, insurance, aviation, consulting, accounting and quality authentication.

Ms. Jiao said China would work harder to invite foreign bids for capital and technologyintensive projects.

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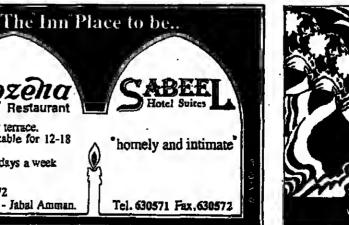
Friday SP.M Midnight















Yaltsin predicts trend towards Coperation of CIS republics

MOSCOW (AP) — President trying to counter allegations by Boris Yeltsin said Saturday that his political opponents and some the era of hitter independence drives by the former Soviet re-publics is ebbing and predicted a trend towards cooperation.

"Everyone now understands that we need each other, especially, in the economic sphere." Mr. Yeltsin said in an interview on state-run Russian Television.

Mr. Yeltsin made the statement at a government health centre outside Moscow, standing in a running suit next to an indoor pool just before planging in for a few laps.

The comments and appearance were part of a campaign to por-tray Mr. Yeltsin as healthy and confident for a political affensive this month against hardliners who accuse him of destroying Russia, as well as the nld Soviet Union. Appearing flushed but relaxed, the 62-year-old leader said he would return to work Sunday after a two-day recovery from back pains, which Russian and

lethal nerve condition. His office Friday said doctors pronounced Mr. Yeltsin healthy except for the back condition,

visiting Spanish ducturs di-

agnosed as radiculitis, a non-

newspapers that the president is

Russia Wednesday agreed with five other ex-republics -Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Belarus, Armenia and Tajikistan --to work toward a new economic union that could lead to the restoration of a common currency.

Mr. Yeltsin's government also agreed Saturday with Kazakhstan to remove trade barriers, and the president last week launched a rapprochement with Azerbaijan by promising help in ending its five-year war with Armenians.

Asked whether the pacts ended a "parade of sovereignties" in the former Soviet Union, Mr. Yeltsin smiled and answered, "Nn. I don't quite think so."

"I would say (to) whomever thought it is possible to model a union again, 'no, it won't work,"
Mr. Yeltsin said. "And whoever thought it was simple to become independent just on their own

was also wrong."
He predicted that the nine Independent States finally will

meeting, scheduled for Sept. 24. His spokesman, Vyacheslav Kostikov, wrote Friday that economie ties will lead to political cooperation beneficial to all for-

mer Soviet citizens. "It's a question of time," Mr. Kostikov wrote in the daily Komsomolskaya Pravda. "To deny this impulse means not seeing or bearing either the lessons of history nr the real hopes of millions of average people.

His comments were directed at Ukrainian natinnalists, wbo oppose closer ties with Russia and have attacked President Leonid Kravchuk for agreeing with Mr. Yeltsin last week to settle a bitter dispute over control of nuclear weapons and Black. Sea naval vessels.

Mr. Kravchuk had said Kiev could no longer afford to fight Moscow and must face the reality that some kind of economic cooperation was essential to its surviv-

Meanwhile, Azerbaijani leader Geidar Aliev told a special U.S. leaders of the Commonwealth of envoy Saturday that his country wants better relations with the sign documents creating an eco- United States and help in ending

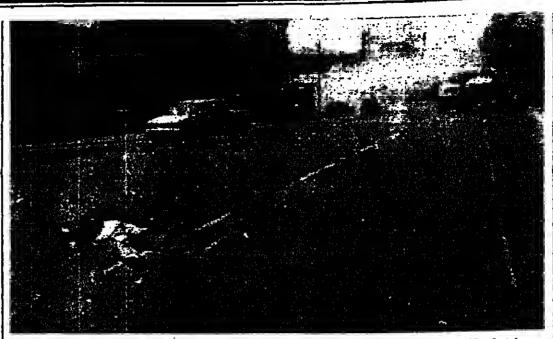
the war with Armenia. "The situation in Azerbaijan is complicated. Internal tension exists. Armenian aggression continues. We need contact with representatives from Washington," Mr. Aliev told Strobe Talbott, the envoy.

Mr. Talbott, President Bill Clinton's special adviser on the former Soviet Union, was in Baku as part of an extended trip throughout the newly indepen-dent states of the collapsed Communist empire.

The visit is part of a stepped up effort by the United States to help mediate conflicts in the former Soviet Union, including warfare in the Caucasus Mountains region and Central Asia.

"This is a good beginning of a dialogue," Mr. Talbott said after meeting Mr. Alie:, Azerbai-jan's former Comm. sist leader who came to power I lune after the ouster of Albufaz : cibey, the democratically elected president.

Mr. Aliev has been seeking outside help to resolve Azerbaijan's war with Armenian forces over the territory of Nagorno-Karabakh, an area populated by ethnic Armenians but located iuside Azerbaijan.



background Saturday as police tried to repress a march by pro-testers against the 1973 military

coup in Chile (AFP photo)

2 killed during Chilean protests

SANTIAGO (AFP) --- An elder- Salvador Allende, a Socialist, killy man and a youth were killed Saturday as protestors clashed with police in demonstrations marking the 20th anniversary of the coup in which General Augusto Pinochet seized power, au-

thorities said. About 100 others were injured in the unrest, officials said. At least five of those hurt were hit by gunfire, one doctor said.

Police arrested 128 protestors, according to leaders of a leftist coalition taking part in the mar-

The coalition — the Allendist Democratie Movement of the Left — charged President Patricio Aylwin's Christian Democratic government with repression, and the police with allegedly pro-voking peaceful demonstrators.

Deputy Interior Minister Be-lisario Velasco said the government had asked the Supreme Court to name a judge to lead an investigation into Saturday's violent unrest.

The unidentified alder man killed, who was not involved in the demonstration, was run over by one of the police vehicles firing tear gas and water cannons to disperse bundreds of demonstrators attempting march on the presidential palace.

Nineteen-year-old Vladimiro Munoz apparently died from a bullet wound to the neck he sustained later in the demonstra-

"on, police said. One crowd was trying to march on the palace where President

led himself following an aerial bombardment during the 1973 right-wing military coup led by eneral Augusto Pinochet.

Gen. Pinochet ruled until 1990, when Mr. Aylwin was inaugurated and the country returned to democracy. Gen. Pinochet re-mains head of the army and is a senator-for-life.

When police fired tear gas, demonstrators retreated to nearby streets to join about 3,000 others marching toward the Santiago Cemetery where Mr. Allende is buried.

The clashes and crackdown continued on the cemetery route, where most of the injuries were reported: Witnesses said demonstrators overturned cars and smashed windows in stores and

According to witnesses, Munoz was fatally wounded when police fired on demonstrators inside the cemetery.

private homes

"I saw how blood gushed out one of his eye sockets and from a wound he had in his neck," leftist lawmaker Mario Palestro said of Munoz. Mr. Palestro said police did not want to let anyone through the crowd as he personally helped rush Manoz to a hospit-

"The doctors did everything they could for him but finally he died," Mr. Palestro said. Political groups on the left which consider Allende a mar-

tyred hero were outraged at the "It is inexplicable for a peace-

ful demonstration in memory of President Allende to be put down with gunfire," said Humanist-Green Party leader Gahriel

In the well-heeled neighbourboods of Providencia, La Reina and Las Condes, cars paraded in formation to eelebate the anniversary, honking their car horns and waving Chilean flags. Police did not intervene.

Gen. Pinochet came close Saturday to asking Chile's forgiveness, twenty years after he

led the bloody military coup.
"He who has been in battle knows what the noise of bullets means, knows what it is like to face enemies, knows when someone falls at one's feet. All this produces a mental uncontrol which many times leads to unjustified excesses," Gen. Pinochet said, referring to the events sur-

rounding the coup.
"Those who have done nothing, can fear nothing," Gen. Pinochet, who once said he was predestined by God to save Chile, said.

Choking back tears, Mr. Allende's widow Hortensia Bussi placed a bouquet at the window of the La Moneda Presidential Palace where 20 years ago her husband was found dead with bullet wounds as troops faithful to Gen. Pinochet surrounded the

"Salvador Allende, rest in peace. Your people love you, admire you and respect you, we all miss you," she said.

"We are not afraid. We are

going to go to the limit," he said.

service, a tall man with a walkie-

talkie in his hand and a 45-

caliber handgun stuffed into his

back pants pocket strolled down the centre aisle as the Rev.

Antoine Adrien was giving a ser-mon. Rev. Adrien had just told

the 30 people present, including clergy and human rights obser-

vers, that "we are here to honour

all those who had been massacred

Half an hour into the morning

Altman film sheres award at Venice festival

VENICE (AP) — American director Robert Altana's Short Cuts shared the Golden Lion for best film with Trois Coulous.
Blue by Poland's Krzysztef Kles-lowski as the 50th Venice Plant Pestival ended Saturday, "Ton thrilled, particularly for the cast." Altman said in an interiver. The large cast, which was given a special collective award, is headed by Matt Medine, The Robbins, Jack Lemmon and Tom Waits. Fabrizio Ventivoalio wos Best Actor for "Un Anima Divisa In Due" (A Soul Divided in Two) and Juliette Binoche was Best Actress for her role in Kieslowski's movie (Three Colours. Blue). Best supporting roles went to Marcello Mastroianni in Ber-trand Blier's "Un, Dearc, Trois, Soleil" (One, Two, Three, Sun). and Anna Bonainto in "Dove Siete? Io Sono Qui" (Where are you, I'm here) by Litiana Cavani.

Philippines' Miss World contender set for pageant

MANILA (AFP) - The reigning Miss Philippines is set to take part in the Miss World beauty pageant despite well-publicised and denied allegations that the prostituted herself in Brunei. Nineteenyear-old movie star Ruffa Gutierrez told the Philippine Star newspaper that some people have suggested she quit the contest, to be held in South Africa in November, after the Senate investigated allegations that she was part of a high-class flesh trade in the oil-rich sultanate. "But why should I?" said Ms. Gutierrez, who made a tearful appearance at a public hearing of the Senate committee on women to deny the allegation. "If I did, all the more people would think that I was guity," she said, adding: "My conscience is clear and even if they ask me about this is South Africa, I won't be afraid because I am confident that I can explain myself as clearly as possible. "I have never been a quitter and I will go to the Miss World contest with my head held high." she said. The Senate committee resumes its bearings next week, this time in private following pressure from the Foreign Dopartment, which is worried over repercussions in bilateral rela-

Father gets 11 years for raping 2 stepdaughters

ing court has sentenced a man to 11 years, in prison for raping his two young stepdanghters and handed his wife two years jail for helping him, a report said here Sunday. The report said the woman agreed a year ago to help her husband rape her I3-year-old daughter after be, threatened to commit suicide because she was unable to give him a son, the Hong Kong China News Service was quoted by newspapers here as saying. The pair were arrested last year after the man raped his nine-year-old stepdaughter also with the help of his wife.

Accused car thiefs resume found in stoien vehicie

MARSHALL, Minu. (AP) — A man accused of stealing a car was easy to track, police said, espe-cially after they found his resume under one of the seats. Police discovered the handwritten resume when they looked through the stolen 1985 Chevrolet Celebrity they had recovered. Descotive Timothy Tomasek then telephoned an employer listed on the resume for a different sort of reference. That led authorities straight to Scott Timothy Root, 31, of Russell. Root was charged with theft Friday and remained jailed Saturday, the Lyon County Sheriff's Department said.

Stray cats to be shot on sight

SYDNEY (R) - Stray cats in Australia's most populous state will be declared feral, noxious animals and shot on sight under a new law planned by the New South Wales government. The state's Rural Lands Protection Act is to be amended to declare cats which stray more than one kilometre from dwellings and foxes as wild, compelling land-owners to destroy any of these animals found on their property. "At present rabbits, wild dogs and feral pigs arel classified noxious animals but foxes and feral cats are excluded," and parliamentarian Bob Martin. "Our law won't affect domestic cats. It classifies a feral cat as one found a kilometre or more from a dwelling." There are an esti-mated 18.4 million feral cats is Australia, with domesticated cats who become strays constantly replenishing the population, con-servation anthornes say. Con-servation officials say feral cats prey on more than 100 species of native birds, as well as various kinds of manimals and reptiles. and carry and transmit infections

NEWS IN BRIEF

Canada premier opens election campaign

TORONTO (AP) - Prime Minister Kim Campbell fired the starting gun launching Canada's national election campaign and almost immediately stumbled with an insensitive remark about unemployment. If any single comment marked the first week of the campaign for the Oct. : election, it was Ms. Campbell's statement that employment in Canada probably won't improve before the year 2000. While that may be true, it certainly wasn't the kind of hope voters are looking for, especially the 11.3 per cent who are jobiess. It could be the killer remark that destroys a campaign. It delighted Ms. Cam, bell's opponents. "Because she is a new figure on the political scene, those first impressions are very important," said Lawrence Leduc, a professor of political science at the University of Thronto. "She has to be careful how she is perceived in these early days." Asked by a reporter when Canadians could expect unemployment to drop below 10 per cent, the prime minister responded: "I think, realistically, all the developed countries are expecting ... what I consider an unacceptable level of unemployment for the next two, three or four years.

Greek premier promises bright future

SALONIKA, Greece (R) - Greek Prime Minister Constantine Mitsotakis, facing an uphill battle for reelection, predicted an end to austerity if his conservative government won a fresh term of office in the October polls. But recession-hit vote in the horthern city of Salonika appeared hesitan. to share 545 vision that a bright economic foture was just around the corner. "He was saying the same things three years ago and since then our living standards have gone down dramatically," said merchant Ilia 'Argyris after watching the premier's televicad address. Mr. Mitsotakis, opening the Salonika Interna - e Fair Saturday night, was cheered by about 3,000 supporters when he announced the end of a three-year austerity programme. He also warned that Greece's economy would collapse completely if his Socialist opponents were elected in government in the Oct. 10

Abiola to return to Nigeria in 2 weeks

LONDON (AFP) — Moshood Abiola, the Nigerian politician believed to have won the annulled June 12 presidential elections, will return home from Britain in about two weeks, an aide said. He confirmed that Mr. Abiola had met members of the interim government that replaced military leaders General Ibrahim Babangida last month but refused to give any details of the talks.

Mr. Abiola himself said in a BBC-Radio interview that be had initially planned to return this weekend but had delayed his return after the head of the interim government Ernest Shonekan had expressed fears for his security. Mr. Abiola denied reaching any kind of compromise with the new Nigerian authorities. He said he had no plan to be a candidate in new presidential elections set for February in his view be was elected in June.

Shevardnadze takes over interior Ministry

TBILISI (AFP) — Georgian leader Eduard Shevardnadze took over the post of interior minister in a cabinet reshuffle after saying he may declare a "state of emergency" Sunday following rebel advances in western Georgia, the ITAR-TASS News Agency. Mr. Shevardnadze announced his reshuffle Saturday, saying he was temporarily taking over the Interior Ministry in a bid t "improve the fight against crime". Foreign Minister Alexsan-Chikvaidze and Defence Minister Guia Karkarashvili have staye in their posts in the reshnffled cahinet, which has 15 ministers five committee presidents and five deputy prime ministers. IFAR-TASS reported. In the past few days there have been increasing attacks by rebels loyal to ousted President Zviad Gamsakhnrdia in western Georgia. And last week some 200 armed supporters, or so-called Zviadists, crossed into the enclave of Abkhazia seizing the town of Gali. They now control several towns in Mr. Gamsakhurdia's native western Georgia.

Number of women MPs drops worldwide

CANBERRA (AP) — The average proportion of women represented in the world's parliaments has dropped significantly, represented in the world's partiaments has dropped significantly, according to a survey by the world union of parliaments. Women occupy an average of 10.1 per cent of seats in national parliaments, down from a 14.6 per cent bigh recorded in 1988, the Inter-Parliamentary Union reported in a study released in Australia Sunday. The report covered a total worldwide parliamentary population of 35,881, of whom 3,626 are women. The survey was released prior to a meeting of women politicians from around the world. They are taking part in the 90th annual inter-parliamentary conference. The conference, meeting Sept. 13-18 in the Australian parliament, will bring together 500 parliamentarians from over 100 countries.

Economy is top issue in Polish elections

WARSAW (AFP) - When Poland's voters go to the polls next Sunday, by far the most important issue will be the direction of the economy: Towards liberalisation or state intervention. Prime Minister Hanna Suchocka hit the nail on the head with the slogan that accompanies the tacky photograph of herself on posters up and down this country: "The economy first of all". Her Democratic Union (DU) party has been telling voters that Poland nceds more privatisation, more free-market economics, more foreign investment, and continued anti-inflation measures. But it is the ex-Communist alliance of the Democratic Left (ADL), with its campaign for a more "social" economic policy and the Farmer Party (PSL) a former Communist ally, whn appear favourites to win, according to opinion poils. This is partly because the people have yet to feel that the painful transition to a modern economy has been worthwhile.

entropy of the second s

Seoui urges dialogue with North

ASHINGTON (R) - South Korean President Kim Young-. In Saturday urged the leaders of North Korea, who he escribed as highly unpredictable, to return to the negotiating able to resume nuclear arms talks. "I think there is a major concern about the threat of nuclear proliferation in North Korea," Mr. Kim said when interviewed on CNN Television. What we want ... is that North Korea return to (the) dialogue North Korea dashed hopes for a resumption of longstalled nuclear talks with the South this week when it demanded Seoul first discontinue its annual military exercises with the United States, "It is very difficult to predict what will happen in North Korea and in a sense it is the most uncertain regime in the whole world," said Mr. Kim, who made his remarks through an interpreter. He maintained that North Korea is trying to back away from the international non-proliferation treaty,

Yeltsin orders ministers to 'work it out'

MOSCOW (AP) - President Boris Yeltsin yielded to protests from economic reformers and repealed an order designed to slow the pace of privatisation. Economics Minister Oleg Lobov persuaded Mr. Yeltsin earlier this week to order the devaluation of millions of vouchers the government gave to its citizens to redeem for stock in privatised companies. The measure would

e cut the number of incorporated companies open to public avestment. That brought an nutery from privatisation chief Anatoly Chubais and other reformers opposed to easing economic reforms. One pro-reform newspaper called Mr. Lobov economically "illiterate" and his ideas "surrealistic." Mr. Yeltsin suspended his order Saturday and instructing Mr. Lobov, Mr. Cho as and Frime Minister Viktor Chernamyrdin "to work nut a coordinate. position," the ITAR-TASS News Agency reported, quoting presidential sources.

U.S. exp rimental rocket makes 2nd flight

WHITE SANDS MISSILE RANGE, N.M. (AP) - or 66 seconds Saturday, hundreds of people on this southern New Mexico missile range gaped in awe as a small experimental rocket went through its manocuvres. The Delta Clipper-Experimental, a 42-foot (12.6-metre) prototype for a new generation of reusahle spacecraft, climbed to about 300 feet (90 metres), hovered, shoved laterally about 350 feet (105 metres), then made a vertical landing. It was only the second vertical landing made by a spacecraft on Earth. The first came after the DC-X's maiden flight last month. That test was closed to the public, but for Saturday's event hundreds of dignitaries, engineers and others were invited to watch. They watched silently as the ship rose into the air, and broke into cheers and applause as it settled gracefully

1st Japanese to end Cambodian mission

TAKEO, Cambodia (AFP) - The first Japanese troops to serve abroad since World War II closed up camp here in southern Cambodia Sunday and prepared to end their U.N. peacekeeping mission. Its 450 soldiers, scheduled to depart Monday, will leave behind \$11 million worth of equipment for the Cambodian army. The 10 traditional bath houses, a number of generators, a kitchen full of aluminum kettles and porcelain bowls, and a golf driving range will ensure the presence of Japan will not be forgotten. Weeping villagers agree.

Reno: FBi and DEA duplicate efforts

PHILADELPHIA (R) — U.S. Attorney-General Janet Reno Saturday deplored duplicate efforts against illicit drugs but did not endorse merging the Federal Burean of Investigation (FBI) and the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). "That I want to try to do is figure out the best way to end the duplication while at the same time maintaining the drug enforcement effort at its present level or at an enhanced level," Ms. Reno told a national group of editorial writers. "That's not necessarily a merger of the o (agencies)," she added. Vice President Al Gore, as part of sweeping recommendations unveiled this week to increase governmental efficiency, has urged transferring the DEA's law-enforcement powers to the FBI. Both agencies operate under the authority of Ms. Reno, as head of the Justice Department. "Right now the drug enforcement initiative in America is so fragmented there is great duplication in terms of intelligence capability and in terms of antomation and in terms of vehicles, procurement, budget, personnel, training," Ms. Renn said.

India to lift S. Africa sanctions

NEW DELHI (R) — India, a founder of the international movement against apartheid, will lift trade sanctions against South Africa this month, a government minister said Sunday. Minister of State for External Affairs Salman Khursheed, who made a rare private visit to South Africa this month, also said New Delhi was prepared to establish diplomatic ties with Pretoria within six weeks. "We will first lift the trade sanctions this month and follow that up with diplomatic ties," Mr. Khursheed said. India will also set up direct air links with South Africa on Oct. 2, the birthday of Indian leader Mahatma Gandhi who led a peaceful campaign against racism in South Africa before leading India to independence from Britain.

Ukraine commemorates famine

KIEV (R) - Ukraine's commemoration of a man-made famine which killed an estimated 7.5 million people in the 1930s neared its climax with film footage showing colossal suffering and a mock trial of the Stalinist system.

Gunmen kill leading Aristide supporter

- A prominent supporter of exiled President Jean-Bertrand - in front of human rights observers - and assassinated outside the church Saturday.

Another person was killed and one was stabbed and wounded in the attack.

A Roman Catholie priest said the assassins of businessman Antoine Izmery were plainc-lothes police. A pickup truck driven by a uniformed policeman and carrying 10 plainclothesmen circled the Sacre Coeur Church minutes before the mass.

Three hours later, two assailants fatally shot a retired army colonel at a gas station in suburban Petionville. It was not known if the killing of Antoine Jocelyn, a former army doctor who was among officers retired by Mr. Aristide, was related to the Izmery assassination.

The army condemned the killings of Mr. Izmery and Dr. special agent if the mass went on

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti (AP) Jocelyn in a statement broadcast as scheduled. on state television late Saturday and said it had instructed all Aristide was dragged from a mass levels of the military to help put ar and to "banditry

the mass was to commemorate a military-backed massacre five years ago in which gunmen shot and hacked to death 11 people and wounded 70 at another church during a mass celebrated by Mr. Aristide, the target of that

Saturday's killing was the bol-dest challenge yet to a U.N.brokered peace plan providing for Mr. Aristide's return to power on Oct. 30. The popular Catholic priest was ousted in a hloody coup in 1991, and some soldiers have vowed to kill him if he

Mr. Izmery, who bankrolled Mr. Aristide's successful 1990 election campaign, told the Associated Press minutes before warned of bloodshed by a police

The gunman first grabbed up photographer Daniel Morel, who like Mr. Izmery has a beard, and asked him if he was Mr. Izmery. He said no. Nearly a dozen men then sur-

bis death that be had been

rounded Mr. Izmery and hustled him ontside, where he was shot in the head. Another man, who appeared to be a passcrby and was wearing radio beadphones, was found dead across the street.

India sets up team to probe car bomb

NEW DELHI (R) - India bas set up a special team to probe a car bomh attempt on the life of a senior Sikh member of the ruling Congress Party which killed eight people, officials said Sunday. Youth Congress President

Maninder Singh Bitta narrowly escaped the impact of the 40-kg (88 lh) bomh as he left his office near parliament in New Delhi for lunch Saturday. The explosion, which left Raisina Road littered with shat-

tered bodies, and wrecked burn-ing vehicles, killed two policemen ng in an escort car just ahead of Mr. Bitta's. The other victims were not immediately identified. Windows in buildings nearby, including the Meridien Hotel popular with tourists, were shattered and Delhi was stunned by what appeared to be the first car

bomb to hit the capital of a

country plagued with separatist

and religious violence. Police said they believed Sikh militants fighting for a separate homeland in the northern state of Punjab were responsible for the 12th attempt on Mr. Bitta's life with a remote-controlled bomb, possibly of plastic explosives.

The attack happened shortly after Mr. Bitta took over as Youth Congress president, an important post in a party that believes passionately in a united India. Last year Mr. Bitta lost a leg in a Sikh militant bomb

Officials said the government had set up a high-powered team of investigators drawn from the Central Burean of Investigation, the Intelligence Bureau - the main dumestic intelligence organisation, and the Delhi police.

which "is already hard at work," one official said Congress officials said police had found what appeared to be a cellular phone on the other side of the road which may have been

Officials of the cabinet secre-

tariat would also join the team,

used to trigger the bomh.

They said Mr. Bitta may bave survived because the person who set off the bomb had his view blocked momentarily by traffic moving in the opposite direction and pressed the button a fraction of a second early.

A few seconds even earlier

would probably have resulted in a

bigger death toll, as a packed bus had just moved sufficiently far away to escape the worst of the blast, witnesses said. Meanwhile, another bomb killed two people at Secundarabad Station in the south India state of

Andhra Pradesh Sunday, the Un-

ited News of India reported. The agency said the bomb ex-ploded in the ticket reservation section of the station, which is near the Andhra Pradesh capital of Hyderabad, and both victims were railway employees. It said two people were inwas suspected of planting the bomh, but the Andhra Pradesh government is fighting an upsurge of violence by Maoists of the People's War Group (PWG), known locally as Naxalites after the town where the movement

Railway stations have been among the targets for PWG bombs in recent weeks.

Police said Saturday that at least six PWG members and a

paramilitary policeman were kil-led in a clash in the northern part of the state that lasted more than 24 hours. They said scores of heavily armed policemen surrounded the village of Padkal in the northern

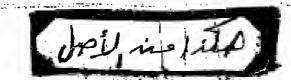
after a tip-off that a band of the People's War Group was hiding The Maoists, most of them apparently holed up in a twostorey building, opened fire when

part of the state Thursday night

they realised what was happening and the battle commenced. Police said the 4,000 inhabitants of the village spent the next 24 hours cowering in their houses as the two sides battled each

other with automatic assault rifles

and grenades. They said police blasted their way into the building late Friday and recovered six bodies, but other members of the band appeared to have slipped away and intense searches for them were under way.



Ramtha Soccer Championship Wihdat face Syria's Wihdeh today

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Jordao's Al Ramtha and Al Wihdat have so far proven that they will not settle for an advanced position at the 2nd Ramtha Soccer Champsionship now underway

The championship, which opened Thursday under the patronage of His Royal Highness Prince Hassan, has drawn. six teams. The first group inchides Al Wihdat, Syria's Al Windeh, and Qatar's Al Wak-rah, while the second group includes Al Ramtha, Pales-tine's Gaza, and Iraq's youth national team

Al Ramtha beat Gaza 3-1 in the opening match. The first half ended 2-0 for Al Ramtha. In another match Al Wihdat scored an impressive 3-1 win over Al Wakrah to top their group's standing.
Gaza was eliminated from

the championship when they lost 5-2 to the Iraqi team. The first half ended 3-1. Only the top two teams from

each group will advance to the semifinal round which begins In the upcoming matches Al

TERRASSA, Spain (AFP) - Palestine could take part in the Atlanta Games in 1996, International Olympic Committee President Juan Antonio Samaranch said Saturday.

"The IOC would have no objection to Palestine joining the Olympic movement," he said while attending the junior women's Hockey Samaranch said recognition would be depen-

Tuesday and Al Wakrah clash with Al Wihdeh Wednesday. Wihdat play Al Wihdeh Monday, Al Ramtha play Iraq

STANDINGS

GROUP 1								
			P	w	.L	GF	GA	PTS
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		i.	GR	OUP	2			
Wihdat Wakrah Wihdeh			1 I	1	î	3 1	I 3	2 1 -

dent on the Palestine Liberation Organisation and Israel signing their agreement in Washington

The IOC leader said a Palestine delegation could take part in the 1996 Games in the United

He added that the IOC was still studying the possibility of including women's football, beach volleyball and mountain bike racing at the games.

Ferguson blames internationals for defeat

LONDON (AFP) - Manchester United Manager Alex Ferguson hlamed international duties for the English champions' first defeat in six months at Chelsea

Most of the premiership leaders' squad in the 1-0 reversal were. on duty for in the European under-21 championship Tasssley or the World-Cup Wednesday-"The effect of going on inter-national duty showed in the first

20 minutes, wheo they were second to every ball," Ferguson moaned after his side had fallen to a Gavin Peacock effort.

"When you're playing away from home, you want to make an early impact, but we allowed Chelsea to get a foot in the game. "But I'm not bothered about it. We're still top. That's a consola-tion. We haven't cut our throats

Chelsea boss Glen Hoddle felt the London club produced their finest performance of the season

under his managemet.
"In the first 45 minutes we played farnastic football and opened them up," he enthused. "In the second half we had to show our other side and dig deep. Some of our defensive play was superb. That has given us a lot of

-WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

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North East South

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ing lead: Ace of ♡

Opening lead: Ace of v None but the brave deserve to

win. When an opponent's preempt

puts pressure on you, don't meekly

surrender to your fate. Get in there

and fight. South certainly had the where-

South certainly had the where-withal to contest the auction after East's full-blooded leap to game, but the suit quality of both of South's long suits left something to be de-

sired. However, on the auction there

had to be a fit for North-South

...

belief in ourselves.
"We matched them for skill, we matched thent for effort and I'm just pleased at how far we've

United defeat allowed double cup winners Arsenal to draw level on points with their 4-0 home demolition of Inswich, who suc-combed to a Kevin Campbell,

last season as well, but we got away with a goalless draw. This time they had brilliant individual skills to score four.

Astoo Villa Manager Ron Atkinson felt Wales striker Dean Saunders should have emulated Campbell. But his side only got a

BRITISH SOCCER

Gunners boss George Graham beamed: "That was just what Kevin needed. He had an easy goal to start with and then produced a supero all round display.

"I've seen him play even better, but this was an excellent performance by him and I thoughtwe won comprehensively. I was expecting a hard battle against Ipswich because they're normally so hard to break down.

Ipswich manager John Lyall locked his team in the dressing room for an hour-long inquest afterwards. But team coach Mick McGiven emerged to admit: "A lot of other teams would have suffered against Arsenal today -

somewhere. So South chose four spaces as the more flexible alternative.

seemed declarer would have to lose a trick in each suit except hearts. In-credible as it might seem, declarer managed to avoid surrendering a

trick in dismonds!
After ruffing the heart lead in

hand, declarer cashed the ace of trumps and was happy to find the

suit broke. Next came a low club,

and West hopped up with the ace. At this point only a shift to a dia-mond would defeat the contract, but

West was understandably reluctant

to lead away from the king of dia-monds. Since a heart would yield a

ruff-sluff, West opted for a club re-turn. That was disastrous. Declarer won the club cheaply

with the nine and the whole suit was

established. Declarer now started

running those winners, discarding diamonds from dummy. East imme-diately ruffed with the master

trump and shifted to a diamond, but

it was too late. Declarer rose with

the ace, jettisoned the rest of the

table's diamonds on good clube and ruffed a diamond on the board for

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U.S. Open

Graf claims 3rd U.S. Open crown

Jacques Brugnon, made up the "four musketeers" of French ten-

Steffi Graf's trinmpb over Helena Sukova Saturday marked

the 25th time in the last 26 Grand

Slams that either the No. 1 or No.

2 seeded players won the women's

The only exception — the U.S. Open of 1990, when fifth-seeded

Graf's victory also marked the

13th time in the Open era that the

No. 1 seeded woman's player won

Sukova, at No. 12, was the lowest-seeded women's finalist at

the Open since No. 16 Pam Shriver in 1978. Shriver lost the final to

Returning to form: The author of

one of the tournament's biggest upsets finally lost Saturday.

Wayne Ferreira or Leila Meshki.

Those players, all of whom best

big names in the first round of the

in draws, were all long gone.

Sticking around until the semi-

finals of boys singles, however, was Paul Goldstein, an unseeded

17-year-old from the United

States, who beat the world's top-

ranked junior, Razvan Sahan of

Romania, in the second round.

In girls singles, fourth-seeded Julie Steven of Wichita, Kansas,

lost to 15th-seeded Yuka Yoshida

of Japan, 6-I, 7-6 (7-4), in the semifinals.

A

seduction

ot

No, it wasn't Karel Novacek or

Gabriela Sabatini won.

the championship.

nis in the 1920s and '30s.

Graf claimed the 14th Grand Slam title of her career Saturday with a straight-set victory over Helena Sukova in the U.S. Open women's singles final.

Graf, the world number one and top seed, did what secondsceded Arantxa Sanchez Vicario and number three Martina Navratilova could not: Find a way to pass the tall Czech when she tried to attack at the net.

The German needed just an hour and five minutes to beat Sukova 6-3, 6-3.

Although she had a few shaky moments on her own serve, in-cluding a double fault at break point in the second set, Graf was never really under pressure.

Her service breaks came after she had broken Sukova, and her passing shots did the job.

Steffi Graf

French Open.

team's hopes of a Grand Slam

and its 41-match slam winning

won six straight Grand Slam tournaments, dating to last year's

Becker's girifriend expecting

baby in January: Boris Beck-

er's girlfriend, Barbara Feitus, is

expecting the couple's first child in

at the U.S. Open in New York

that he and Feltus will be married

The three-time Wimbledon

champion said he was delighted at becoming father. Becker fold reporters he had

combine his tennis career with

new responsibilities as a husband and father from Stefan Edberg.

The Swedish star and his wife had

their child at the end of July.

Becker will pass up the Austra-

lian Open, but among the tourns-

ments in which he plans to enter is the \$6 million Grand Slam Cup in

December at Munich, Germany.

He will then take a break to be

present when the buby is born.

Le Cingieme Musketeer:

Lacoste... Borotra.... Cochet.,

By beating Walty Masur Saturday, Cedric Pioline became the

fourth Frenchman to reach the

Open men's final. Aside from the

Plotine household, the names of the others are a bit better known. The 15th-seeded, player from Paris joined the ranks of Rene

Lacoste, the winner of the U.S.-men'a clampionships in 1926-27,

Jean Borotra, who lost to Lacoste

won in 1928 and '32,

and now, Pioline.

U.S. OPEN NOTEBOOK:

Fernandez and Zvereva had

Graf, who has now won six tournaments in a row, three of them Grand Slams, said that run of success was self-perpetuating. "I feel confident. When I know I am playing well, when I realize how well I am playing, it is difficult to do something against

As Sukova found out. Today she was better, there mid-January.

Becker told German reporters was nothing I could do about it," said Sukova, the 12th seed.

She was playing in her second U.S. Open final, after finishing runner-up to Navratilova io 1986. Sukova was opset at some of the line calls, especially in the

In the second game of the match, she disagreed with a call that gave Graf double break point. Sukova thought the approach went wide.

She complained to the umpire, then took her time with her next serve, but dropped the game with a double fault.

She said that early lead was crucial for Graf. "It's difficult when you lose games like that," she said. "If she

gets ahead, there's less pressure

However, she also admitted that she was a little too slow, a little too prone to mistakes.

'I had chances, but I wasn't as sharp as I oeeded to be at the important times of the match,"

Sukova, Sanchez Vicario score doubles upset

Helena Sukova, denied a U.S. Open singles title earlier in the day, teamed with Arantxa Sanchez Vicario to score a big victory in women's doubles at the U.S. Open Saturday night. Sukova and Sanchez Vicario

beat Gigi Fernandez and Natalia Zvereva I-6, 6-3, 6-4 in the semifinals to end the top-ranked

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Sampras back at No. 1.

CEDRIC PIOLINE became the first Frenchman to reach the finals at the U.S. Open in 61 years Saturday, beating unseeded Wally Masur 6-1, 6-7 (3-7), 7-6 (7-2), 6-1 only to face the newest No. 1-ranked player in men's tennis.

Pete Sampras, taking advantage of Jim Courier's early elimination by the 15th-seeded Pioline, claimed the top spot in the ATP Tour rankings and a berth in the championship with a 6-4, 6-3, 6-2 victory over Alexander Volkov later Saturday.

Sampres, who won the Open in 1990 and captured Wimhledon last July 1, held the No. 1 ranking from April 12 before losing it hack to Courier on Aug. 23, one week before this tournament began.

The 22-year-old from the United States took it back decisively against Volkov. Sampras opened the match with three straight aces; zooming serves of up to 126 mph (203 kph), a sort of declaration of his intentions. He had 16 aces and converted 95 per cent of his first

Volkov, the first Russian to ever reach the semifinals at the Open, was not broken until it counted most, on the final game of the first

Sampras began wearing Volkov down after that and by the third-game, with shadows settling over the National Tennis Centre, he was clearly in charge.

Chalk player's delight: When it comes to picking winners in women's singles at grand slam tournaments, it pays to follow the "I served very well," Sampras said. "My serve was really on today: I'm bitting the ball really well. It's been better and better so far Sampras knows he will be favoured Sunday. He usually is.

"I'm expected to win," he said. "On any given day, anything can happen. He's a very talented player. He'll come out swinging: He's played well all week. I'm hopeful I can put pressure on bim and then see what happens."

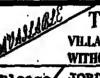
A year ago, Sampras reached the Open final against Stefan Edberg but came in sick with a stomach virus and lost in four sets. "I'm not thinking of last year," he said. "Last year I had a bit of bad lnck and got sick the night before. I feel good now. Sampras said No. 1 is nice but is not his top priority.

'A U.S. Open victory is the bottom line," he said. "If I los tomorrow, I'll be pretty upset."

Pioline knows Sampras will be no easy assignment. "He is going to be tough," the 24-year-old from Paris said. "He is playing very well. Good serve, good forehand, good backhand, good voiley, good smash, good legs, good mentally.

This led Pioline to a logical conclusion.

"So he is a good player," he said. "We will see tomorrow."
With long distance help from his coach, Henri Dumont, who returned to Paris on husiness after the first week of the Open, Proline played up and down tennis against Masur. He was nearly perfect in the first and fourth sets but far from that in the second and third. A year ago, when he played the Open, Pioline was fairly anonymous, ranked No. 60 in the world and gone by the thrid round.



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> **Arab Summit** Conference

SHOWS: 12:30, 3:15, 6, 8:15, 10:15 WASHINGTON (R) — The World Bank Sunday proposed a \$3 billion, 10-year economic development plan for the West Bank and Gaza Strip to help improve chances of a lasting

peace in the Middle East. The plan, drawn up in conjunction with the Middle East peace talks, is expected to serve as the focus of an international drive led by the United States to provide financial backing for Palestinian self-rule in the Israeli-occupied territories.

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In an interview in the Sunday editions of the New York Times newspaper, U.S. President Bill Clinton said he expected the U.S. contribution to be modest.

'This is not Camp David where the United States basically had to assume financial responsibility," Mr. Clinton said, referring to the 1978 peace accord between Egypt

He said most of the aid this time would come from Japan, the European Community, Scandinavia and oil-rich Gulf states (see

page 2). World Bank officials, while saying the lending organisation was prepared to play its part, made clear it was giving the hulk of the cash, but would provide supplementary financing. In a special report on the occu-

pied territories, the bank saw an urgent need for a major upgrading of public services in the West Bank and Gaza Strip - from new power plants to sewerage facili-

'Significant external capital flows will be needed during the take-off period," it said. "(That) is... essential for the future peace and prosperity in the region."

The bank proposed a twostage, high-priority, public investment programme for the West Bank and Gaza Strip to improve immensely living conditions in the territories.

The first stage, covering the next five years, would cost \$1.35 billion. It would include outlays of \$280 million on water and sewerage projects, \$330 million on transport, \$350 million on power plants and \$190 million on education.

The second stage would cost \$1.6 billion and would cover the following five years. During that period, about \$500 million would he spent on transport and \$600

million on power projects.
On top of the \$3 billion in public investment it has proposed for the next 10 years, the World Bank said that the territories would need an extra \$2.5 billion in private sector investment during that time to make their eco-

It said that much of that money could come from prosperous expatriate Palestinians and it suggested selling them Palestinian bonds — or Arafat bonds, as they've already become known as in financial circles, after PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat.

The World Bank proposal willbe discussed in Washington on Sept. 20 by officials of the PLO, Israel and Arab states. The PLO is expected to propose a more ambitious plan covering the period through the year 2000 and costing \$11.6 billion.

Bank officials earlier this month had said the lending organisation planned to propose a \$4.3 hillion economic development programme for the territories, but their calculations apparently involved some double-counting

The \$3 billion bank plan though does not take into account an expected influx of expatriate Palestinians back to the occupied territories now that a peace agreement was being signed the PLO and Israel. Such an influx would likely add to development costs there.

The bank's proposed investment programme also excluded finance for day-to-day running of the new Palestinian eutity. They would boost costs by a further



Israeli policemen talk to arrested Palestinians in the homes. Sons of these families have been found

Shawfat refugee camp in north Jerusalem Sunday gullty of killing an Israeli Jewish woman a year ago where the Israeli army sealed two Palestinian (AFP photo)

Jericho residents seek to block being pushed aside

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Residents of Jericho with a history of resist-ance against the Israeli occupation are gearing up to ensure that they are not sidelined in the wave of Palestinian leadership-in-exile that is expected to sweep their home-town before the end of the

Saleh Balou, who served as deputy head of Jericho's municipal council elected in 1976 before being deposed by the Israeli military administration, says be and other members of the council are demanding that the body be reinstated since it represented the last elected authority in the town.

"We are the legitimate rep-resentatives of the people of Jericho," Mr. Balou, who is natives resident in the Kingdom, said in an interview.

"We have been in touch with officials of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and told them that our council should be reinstated," he said.

Mr. Balou, a former schoolteacher who was first elected to the council in 1972, said the Israeli occupation forces "very conveniently used "a provision in the Jordanian law in 1981 to remove the eight-member body from office and appoint a three-member panel in its place when the council's head, Abdul Aziz Al Sweiti, died.

It was a classic example of how Israel used Jordanian laws, which were in force in the West Bank before the Jewish state occupied it in 1967. whenever it suited its purposes in the occupied territor-

Mr. Balou said he and fellow committee members were

trying to contact the thousands of Jericho natives who fled to the East Bank in 1967 with a view to "ensuring that our voice is heard and listened to" ahead of the implementation of the Israel-PLO autonomy

Jericho, a sleepy, Biblical town of about 17,000 to 18,000 residents in the Jordan Valley on the main route between Amman and Jerusalem, is expected to be the base for the Palestinian self-authority stemming from an agreement expected to be sigued in Washington today in a ceremony attended by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat and Israeli

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin. "We don't know of the PLO's plans for Jericho," said another Jericho resident who is also visiting Jordan in a bid to

lobby his compatriots. We have to ensure that we are not sidestepped by some of those who find it convenient to join the peace wagon after staving away from the struggle against occupation for decades," said the activist, who preferred anonymity.

"Many of us in Jericho have always resisted the occupation and have our bodies to prove it," said the man, rolling up his shirt to expose a scarred back which he said was the result of Israeli torture in prison.

We have always felt that Jericho was not properly represented even after the peace process took off," said the man, ignoring a reminder that Saeb Erakat, a Jericho resident, was the deputy head of the Palestinian peace negotiat-

ing team.
"We don't want any confrontation, but we will insist that the rights of the people of Jericho are not pushed aside by the PLO leadership," he added

in what appeared to be a forerunner of what Mr. Arafat and his associates are likely to hear in the West Bank and Gaza. Reports from the PLO headquarters in Tunis say that the PLO leadership is aware of the

pitfalls that await it in the occupied territories. Part of a special committee formed by the PLO this week is to enlist the support of local notables and activists in the functions of the self-rule au-

But residents of the West Bank believe that the PLO leadersbip, long known to favour those who tow the line. would focus on a few people with "proven credentials" — meaning loyalty to the orga-nisation — while setting up its apparata in the occupied terri-

tories, the activist said. Mr. Balou said he also disussed with PLO officials in Amman "preparations to receive Arafat, who is expected to arrive in the next 10 weeks." "Jericho is in no shape to

celebrate let alone arrange a welcoming ceremony," said. "The roads are damaged, the water network is broken and our schools and hospitals are in bad shape.

"The Israelis simply did not care," he said, adding that the occupation authorities, in line with a long-held Israeli policy. refused to entertain complaints of neglect.

"When we point out a street lamp is broken and needs replacement, the (Israeli) officer will say, 'let the father of the boy who threw stones and broke it replace it with his own money," he said, citing an example of Israel's refusal to abide by the Geneva conventions related to the treatment of people and land under occupation by the occupier.

EC backs aid plan, to invite Arafat

ALDEN BIESEN. Belgium (Agencies) — The European Community (EC) gave broad backing Sunday to an EC economic aid plan aimed at bolstering peace in the Middle East, and said it would invite Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat for consultations.

EC foreign ministers, at an informal weekend meeting. hailed the Israeli-Palestinian agreement due to be signed in Washington on Monday, but stressed the need for prompt follow-up action to prevent the deal being sabotaged by oppo-

Belgian Foreign Minister Willy Claes, who chaired the talks and will attend the White House signing ceremony, announced at a news conference that he would uvite the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) chairman to meet EC foreign ministers in Brusseis.

Jacques Delors, president of the EC's Executive Commission, told the same news conference ministers had given broad sup-port for a commission plan to aid the Israeli-occupied territories and to encourage EC-style regional economic cooperation. In addition to a 500 million ECU (\$600 million), five-year

plan which Mr. Delors said would be only for the occupied territories, External Political Affairs Commissioner Hans van den Brock said extra short-term aid of 20 million ECUs (\$24 million) was planned this year for Jericho

and the Gaza Strip, which are due to be granted self-rule by Israel. The ministers also agreed to step up efforts to end the Arab boycott of Israel, and to negotiate an expanded cooperation and free trade accord with Israel.

The Belgian minister added that teams of Israeli and Palestinian officials would also be invited to EC headquarters soon to map out their economie require-

Mr. Claes, who chaired the meeting, said Mr. Arafat needed political support "and concrete (development) plans so that the local Palestinian population can be shown that something fun-

The Belgian foreign minister said the invitation to Mr. Arafat would be delivered in Washington Monday during the signing of the Israeli-Palestinian accord on Palestinian autonomy.

Mr. Claes, currently president of the EC Council of Foreign Ministers, will he present at the signing, along with Mr. Delors, British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd said it was inevitable that some people of both sides would be opposed to the accord, and it was important that they should realise that going ahead was less dangerous than trying to back out of it.

"We all feel that this is a breakthrough which is comparable to the collapse of the Berlin Wall. It is a beginning and now it has to be followed through on the economic and the political side," Mr. Hurd said.

German Foreign Minister Klaus Kinkel said: "We must show Israel and the Palestinians that the courage to take risks is

Princess Anne reported pregnant

LONDON (R) -- Princess Aune:

the only daughter of Queen Eli-

zabeth, is expecting a child at 43

after 10 months of marriage to her second husband, the People newspaper reported Sunday. In what it termed a world exclusive the tabloid newspaper said Anne and naval Commander Tim Lauience were expecting a child early in 1994, "We are not prepared to discuss possible pregnancies until the moment comes when the creple involved are ready to ennounce it." a Buckingham Palace spokesman said. The newspaper quoted a friend of the princess as saying: "It's been kept a closely guarded secret but I have been told she is three months pregnant. It's wonderful." The newspaper also quoted a well-known peer who is friendly with the couple as saying Anne was "absolutely thrilled". The princess has two children, Peter and Zara, from her first marriage to Captain Mark Philips. This marriage to the former cavalry captain ended in divorce in April 1992 after 18 years, the last three

Ministers speak of bullying, charming Thatcher LONDON (R) - Margaret

Thatcher, the iron lady of British

lived apart.

politics, dominated her cabinet through intimidation, hullying and shonting but she also knew how to use feminine wiles to get her own way, according to several ex-ministers, Ministers during Lady Thatcher's 11 years in office as Britain's first woman prime minister described in a television programme aired Saturday how she "savaged ministers" verbally. or cut them down to size with a "piercing look or cutting phrase." Kenneth Baker, a former minister who narrated the BBC prog-ramme based on his memoirs and called "Maggie's Ministers", also threw some light on the legend of Lady Thatcher's handbag, which entered into Britain's political lexicon as "handbagging", or being brow-beaten into submission by Lady Thatcher during meetings. Mr. Baker said that ministers lived in dread of Mrs. Thatcher opening her handbag during a cabinet session to produce from its depths a policy briefing of unknown origin which would directly rebut their own arguments on thorny policy issues. According to Maleolm Rifkind, currently defence many ter in John Major's cabinet. Lady Thatcher deliberately used mtimidation to get her way. He quoted her as saying at the start of one cabinet session, "well l haven't much time today - only enough time to explode and have my way." Major's Chancellor of the Exchequer (Finance Minister) Kenneth Clarke, who served Lady Thatcher as health and then education minister, said she used her femininity to her advantage. She did use her femininity as a

bully," Mr. Clarke said. Sewage emergency proclaimed in San Diego

SAN DIEGO, California (AFP)

weapon. She didn't just shout and

 California's governor declared a state of emergency in San Diego county after a controlled flow of raw sewage from Mexico polluted a river valley and beaches here. The magnitude of this disaster has the potential to exceed the capabilities of the services, personnel and facilities of the cities in San Diego county." Governor Pete Wilson said. The declaration will allow him to apply for federal aid to clean up the sewage. Untreated sewage for weeks has been flowing north from Tijuana. Mexico, into the Tijuana River Valley and sullying Cathfornia beaches. On Tuesday, the San Diego City Council declared a sewage emergency, a memore necessary before the International Boundary and Water Commission can erect a tempotary U.S. treatment facility to store sewage during the day so it can be shipped back to Tijuana at night when that city's treatment plant is not working at full capacity. The U.S. government plans to construct a \$300-million plant at the border by 1998 to eliminate the .problem

'Bionauts' to return after 2 years in test tube

TUCSON, Arizona (R) - Eight "bionauts" who have spent two years living in the world's largest test tube will emerge from their "Biosphere 2" on Sept. 26, exactly 24 months after entering it. a spokesman said Friday. Biophere 2. a huge glass and steel structure set in the Arizona Desert outside Tucson, consists of a series of seven domes and spires. some five storeys tall. It is intended as a model for a possible future colony on Mars or the

Tudiman orders 24-hour ceasefire ZAGREB (Agencies) — Croatian President Franjo Tudjman to-ground Luna-17 hit a western suburb of Zagreb injuring nine people and damaging a dozen

has ordered a 24-hour unilateral ceasefire by his armed forces to give him time to reach a truce with Serb separatists, the official agency Hina reported Sunday. Mr. Tudjman made the

the national defence and Security Council, meeting in Zagreb to examine the military and political situation in the light of "increased Serb aggression on Croatian

He did not say at what time the ceasefire would take effect. Meanwhile. Croatian army tanks were reported moving to-Zagreb to Belgrade motorway

controlled by Serb separatists in Croatia, the Yugoslav Agency Tanjug reported Sunday.

Tanjug, citing Serb military sources in Bosnia, said the Croatian army was trying to retake the portion of the highway in Serb

·An attack was also expected on Serb separatist positions in Westem Slovenia, the sources said. Separately, fighting continued between Serbs and Croats in the southern region of Gospic, where Scrb forces were trying to retake the villages of Divoselo and Citluk which fell into Croatian hands on Friday.

The Croatian army is thereby attempting to "control the communication axis between Gospic and the bridge of Maslenica," the Serb agency in Krajina, Iskra

four explosions rocked the centre of the town of Samobor, 30 kilometres west of Zagreb, Croat radio reported. The first explosion, at 8:05 a.m. (0605 GMT) hit the pic-

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Meanwhile, Sunday morning

turesque town's antique market. It was followed by three others in quick succession which all hit within 500 metres of the first, police said. The missiles were Okran shells

which carry numerous small timebombs which look like little bells with a ribbon attached. Radio Samobor broadcast regular warnings to the population

On Saturday evening a ground-

Some 50,000 peacekeepers possible Bosnia peace accord, and about half the troops would

accord in Bosnia. Speaking at a defence conference in Brussels, Mr. Aspin predicted it would be hard to get the Congress to approve U.S. participation if the allies did not contribute at least half the force.

ahead, he said.

dience at a conference of the International Institute for Strategic Studies in Brusseles.

At the defence conference Mr. to discuss in public.

peacekeeping force.

ing force, but that in any case it was politically important that the

aren't going to be up at least 50 per cent of that," he said. "It's not going to be easy in any case."

not to touch these little bells or any other unknown metallic ob-

4 Israelis, 3 Palestinians killed

(Continued from page 1]

carried out searches as senior bystanders were wounded. army chiefs launched an inves-

The trio were the first troops to the first time since Israel seized die since Hamas claimed respon-sibility for shooting dead a soldier the strip in 1967, a correspondent in Hebron on the West Bank on "1 am 25 years old and I was born with the Israeli occupation.' said Nabil Mohammad, a veget-

Meanwhile two Palestinians blew themselves up the day before the Palestinian autonomy agreement is signed at the White

One died when he crashed his car-bomb into a prison van just outside Gaza City, slightly hurt-ing an Israeli soldier and a prison anc gúard.

In the Rafah refugee camp, a Palestinian identified as lyad Radwan of the anti-Arafai Red for is t Eagles group was killed when a grenade he was carrying in his hand exploded as he was fleeing wir from soldiers, Israeli and Arab has sources said. Two Palestinian American role

would be needed to implement a be American, Defence Secretary Les Aspin said Sunday.

Mr. Aspin's remarks - which be said were based on the assessment of U:S. military planners were the most specific to date on the size and makeup of a U.N.sanctioned multinational force

"It's not going to be easy in any case," to get a congressional go-

Mr. Aspin gave a speech and answered questions from the au-

Aspin was asked about planning for implementing a possible peace agreement that would divide Bosnia among the Croats. Serbs and Muslims. At first Mr. Aspin said it was "too sensitive"

Then he referred to recent news accounts of the likely size of

The numbers that you see (in newspapers) are roughly what it's looking like," Mr. Aspin said. "You're talking about overall numbers of around 50,000 total." Mr. Aspin said President Bill Clinton was not ready to officially commit the United States to participating in a Bosnia peacekeep-

allies contribute heavily to any such force. "I do believe it is a very difficult proposition to convince the American congress to do that if the expectation is that the allies

Palestinian flags began sprout-

ing across Gaza City Sunday for

able seller who was dancing in the

that I've seen my country's flag

go up," he enthused.

rememher.

"It's the first time in my life

As news spread of Mr. Arafat's

departure for Washington to sign

an autonomy agreement with

Israel, this hotbed of resistance

witnessed scenes of joy few could

the first time granted permission

to fly the green, red, black and

white flags in the occupied terri-

tories to mark the historic occa-

The Israeli authorities have for

Rental Van. Prosecutors allege that the van carried the bomb to

> been stolen from a grocery store parking lot the night before.

fund. Police have never explained the money when he was allegedly part of a massive conspiracy and

ed to some bomb manuals. Defence lawyers are expected to argue that scientific evidence linking their clients to the blast is tenuous and in many cases repre-

sents guilt by association.

New York bombing trial starts tomorrow

NEW YORK (R) — Four suspects charged with bombing the World Trade Centre in New York go on trial this week accused of carrying out what has been called the single most destructive act of

terrorism on American soil. The Feb. 26 bombing tore through the garage level below the 110-storey twin towers, the largest U.S. office complex, killing six people and injuring more than 1,000.

Prosecutors have laid the blame on a group of alleged Muslim fundamentalists, some of whom are followers of Egyptian cleric Sheikh Omar Abdul Rah-

He has been charged in a separate federal case with leading the group that bombed the trade centre and heading a conspiracy "to levy a war of urban terrorism against the United States." The blind clerie is expected to

go on trial next year with 14 others on conspiracy charges that include planning to blow up the United Nations and other New York landmarks and plotting to kill Egyptian President Hosni

The case that will begin on Tuesday involves four defen-dants: Mohammad Salameh, 25, an illegal immigrant of Palesti-nian descent, Nidal Ayyad, 25. a naturalised U.S. citizen of Palestinian descent, Mahmoud Abou Halima, 33, an Egyptian, and Ahmad Ajaj, 27, a Palesti-

nian born in Jerusalem. They are named in a 13-count U.S. indictment blaming them for the blast and resulting deaths and injuries. If convicted, they face a possible maximum term of

life in prison. Their trial at New York's tightly guarded federal courthouse, a short walk from the World Trade Centre, is expected to last at least three months.

Yousef and Abdul Yasin, remain fugitives. Mr. Salameh was the first arrested, on March 4, as he was trying to get back his deposit on a

Two other defendants, Ramzi

the blast site. Mr. Salameh had reported the van stolen the day before the blast. Two hours after the explosion, he appeared at the rental office, saying the vehicle had

He was arrested on his third trip back to claim the \$200 rewhy he was so persistent about presumably wanted to avoid de-

Mr. Ayyad, a chemical engineer, is alleged to have helped make the bomb. Mr. Abou Halima, who was brought back from Egypt to stand trial, is the alleged ringleader, while Mr. Ajaj is linkAbdul Shafi wonders whether accord will lead to real peace

By Paul Eedle · Reuter

WASHINGTON - In the 74year lifetime of Palesonian nego-tiator Haidar Abdul Shafi, Israel has grown from a dream in the minds of 100,000 settlers to a

state of five million people. Dr. Abdul Shafi is still not convinced that the agreement that Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) will sign at the White House on Monday means real peace between Jews and the Arabs they pushed aside. He has lived too long and seen too much

"Let us hope it will he genuine," he told Reuters. "Real peace cannot stand the test of time if it is not based on fairness and justice." "In spite of the fact that 1 am

not comfortable with this agreement, still I am not drawing final conclusions about the situation." he said. "Certainly I am not going on my side to do anything that would obstruct this attempt. As Israelis and other Palesti-

nians line up to talk about their

euphoria on U.S. television

shows. Dr. Abdul Shafi looks

isolated and irrelevant. His quietly argued doubts are unfashionable and his job as chief Palestinian negotiator at the Middle East peace talks is suddenly pointless. Istael and the PLO reached their agreement in secret talks in Norway and from now on

will be negotiating openly.

Dr. Abdul Shafi helped to transform the world's image of Palestinians, when Middle East peace talks began in 1991 at a glittering conference in Madrid. Instead of a wild-eyed revolutionary, a television audience of milllons saw an elderly, hald physician pleading his people's cause with measured logic.

Now he sits on a sofa in a vast. impersonal hotel suite and refuses to say whether he will even attend the signing ceremony on Monday. He worries because the agreement on Palestinian selfrule in the West Bank and Gaza Strip does not rule out future Israeli claims to "sovereignty"

over the territories. But Dr. Abdul Shafi is used to being unfashionable and appearing lonley, and nobody can accuse him of not beheving in

In 1947 he supported a United Nations resolution proposing that Palestine — the land between the Jordan River and the Mediterranean Sea administered by Britain under an international mandate since 1920 - should be partitioned into two states, one for

Jews and one for Arabs. But other Arabs overwhelmingly rejected the resolution and went to war when the Jews



He can remember the simpler world of the mandate, when disaster looked inevitable but Arabs

still lived side by side with the 'I happened to live as child in Hebron for two years. Our neighbours, the flat opposite our flat, were a Jewish family," he said, the memory squeezed from him by questions.

tragedy.

Jewish lady would come early in the morning and knock at our door and call me - I was a young child — to go into her home and put off the kerosene lamps." The storm broke in 1929. Arabs killed 135 Jews in a wave of violence, including 60 in Heb-

ron. A total of 116 Arabs were

killed, most of them by British

police and troops crushing the

Évery Saturday morning, this

Dr. Abdul Shafi's memories become darker as the years pass. In 1956 Israeli troops invaded the



Haidar Abdul Shafi

Gaza Strip, where he lives, in a war against Egypt. They with-drew under U.S. pressure but occupied it again in the 1967 Middle East war and are still

Dr. Abdul Shafi said a number of people taken away by the Israelis in 1956 never returned. Their families appealed to the Red Cross but nobody could find out what had happened.

"Then by chance next year, I think in the winter, there was plenty of rain and there was flooding. Then a ditch was discovered where there were about 40 bodies. All of them had been shot. Many of them were these people who were missing." Dr. Abdul Shafi does not

volunteeer these memories. He is

not bitter. He is just not sure that

peace is really bere.